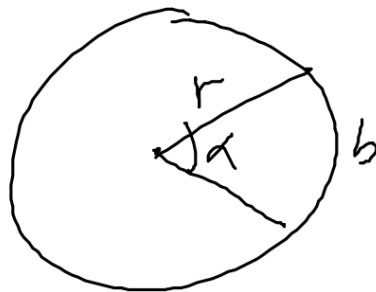


## Radiaani

- kulmamittaa, kuten astekin
- puhdas luku, ei yksikköä
- muista vaihtaa laskin oikeaan modeeriin
- Symb. laskimessa RAD-tila antaa yksinkert. vastauksen

– täysi ympyrä, aste lukun  $360^\circ$



$$\alpha = \frac{b}{r} = \frac{2\pi r}{r} = 2\pi$$

– Muutos aste  $\leftrightarrow$  radiaani

1. Tee taulukko

Esim. Muunna 1 rad  
asteiksi

2. Ratk. Suoraan  
verrannolla  
kestomalla ristin

| asteet                  | radiaanit |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| $\rightarrow 360^\circ$ | $2\pi$    |
| $x$                     | $1$       |

$$2\pi x = 360^\circ \quad || : 2\pi$$

$$x = 360^\circ : 2\pi = \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} \approx 57,3^\circ$$

$$\frac{360^\circ}{x} = \frac{2\pi}{1}$$

b)  $1^\circ$  radianen in

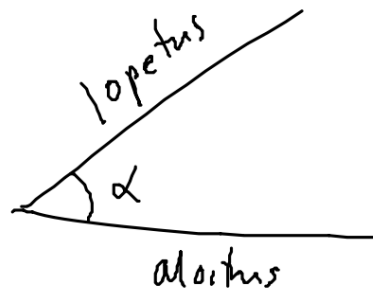
| ast         | rad    |
|-------------|--------|
| $360^\circ$ | $2\pi$ |
| $1^\circ$   | $x$    |

$$\frac{360^\circ}{1^\circ} = \frac{2\pi}{x}$$

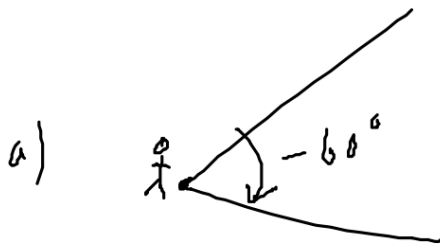
$$360x = 2\pi \quad || : 360$$

$$x = \frac{2\pi}{360} = \frac{\pi}{180} = 0,017 \text{ (rad)}$$

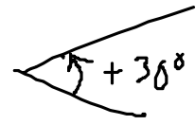
- Suunnattu kulma: asteluku + tai -



myötäpäivään miinusta



b)  $\frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{180^\circ}{6} = 30^\circ$

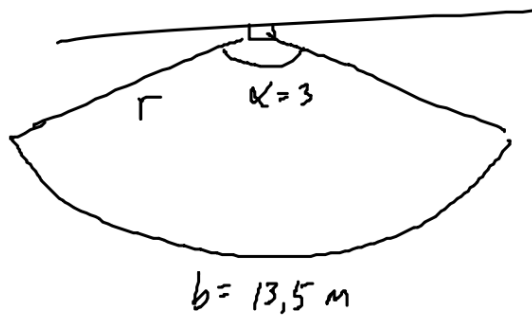


208.

helpommin:

$$\alpha = \frac{b}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow r = \frac{b}{\alpha}$$



$$\text{MA3/MA02} : b = \frac{\alpha}{360^\circ} \cdot 2\pi r \quad || : \frac{\alpha}{360^\circ} \cdot 2\pi$$

$$r = \frac{b}{\frac{\alpha}{360^\circ} \cdot 2\pi} = \frac{b}{\frac{\pi \alpha}{180^\circ}} = \frac{180^\circ b}{\pi \alpha} = \frac{180^\circ \cdot 13,5 \text{ m}}{\pi \cdot 171,89^\circ} \approx 4,5 \text{ m}$$

| rad    | art.        |
|--------|-------------|
| 3      | X           |
| $2\pi$ | $360^\circ$ |

$$2\pi X = 1080^\circ$$

$$X = \frac{540^\circ}{\pi} \approx 171,89^\circ$$