Economic situation in Finland

The rate of unemployment

Country	Women	Men	Total
Finland	7,8%	9,9%	8,9%
Poland	9,0%	7,9%	8,2%
Spain	25,4%	22,9%	23,9%
Germany	4,5%	5,3%	5,0%

The unemployment is person who is in normal working age (from 15-18 to about 60-65) does not have a job with salary. The unemployment rate is the number of people with no paid job divided by the total population of that working age group.

Many things influence the unemployment rate. For example the country's average age of population.

Unemployment is a really bad thing for a country and especially for society. Luckily some countries have social networks to care for the unemployed people.

Gross Domestic Product

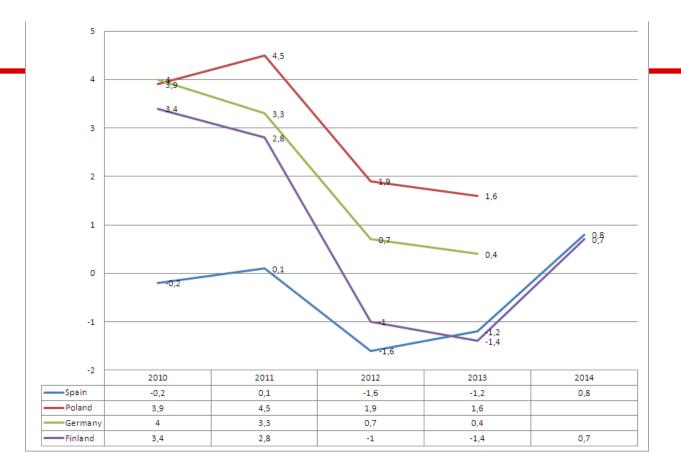
per capita in Finland it was 36,500€ in 2011 and 37,100€ in 2013 per capita in Poland it was 9,800€ in 2011 and 10,300€ in 2013 per capita in Spain it was 23,000€ in 2011 and 22,500€ in 2013 per capita in Germany it was 33,000€ in 2011 and 34,200€ in 2013

In last two years The GDP has grown in every country except in Spain.

in 2008-2009 The GDP went down in every country

The GDP is how much an economical nation produces in some amount of time. It's usually divided in quarter years. The GDP measures how healthy a country is as an economical state. If a country has a high GDP, it has a good economical situation.

If you want to know the full GDP of the country, you need to add up investment spending, consumer spending and government spending. Also the value of exports and from that subtracted the value of imports.

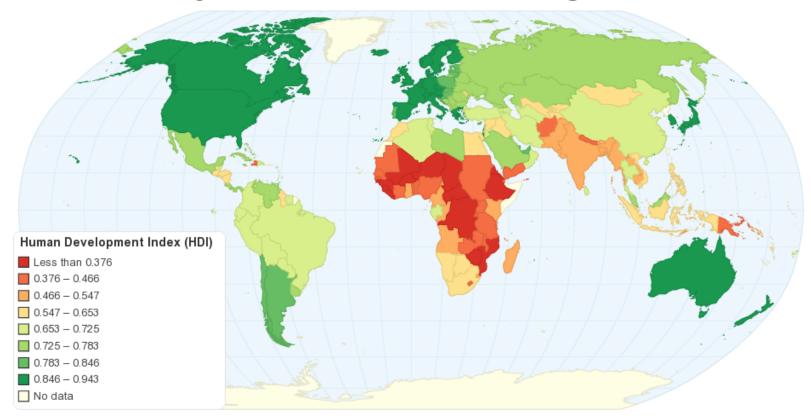


Our countries positions according to the HDI

Country	Index	Rank
Germany	0,911	6
Finland	0,879	24
Spain	0,869	27
Poland	0,834	35

HDI index composite statistic of education, life expectancy and income indices. It also tells what kind of life quality countries can offer to us. That's why HDI index compare countries it other countries.

The country position according to the HDI



Consumer Price Index

Country	Consumer price index CPI
Finland	119,60
Poland	169,50
Spain	103,47
Germany	106,70

- -CPI is a measure how prices of certain products and services go up or down over a period of time and the rate of inflation.
- -Changes in CPI are used to assess price changes associated with the cost of living.
- -Factors that affect on CPI are for example buying habits and trends of the consumer and population shifts.

Examples of the Prices in different countries

Ingredients	Finland	Poland	Spain	Germany
Bread (3 packets)	6,00 €	1,85 €	1,50 €	4,44 €
Cheese (1 kg)	5,75€	5,26 €	7,00 €	8,03 €
Milk (10 liters)	10 €	6,10 €	8,00€	7,60 €
Bananas (3 kg)	5,70 €	2€	3,90 €	6,66 €
Steak (3 kg)	30 €	13,50 €	24 €	20,20 €
Spaghetti (3 kg)	3,60 €	2.34 €	3,60 €	4,98 €
Total	61,05 €	31,05 €	48€	51,90 €