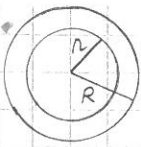


16.5



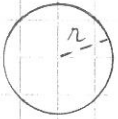
$$2R = 12 \text{ cm} \quad (\Rightarrow) R = 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$r = R - 6 \text{ mm} = 6 \text{ cm} - 0,6 \text{ cm} = 5,4 \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{kuanta: } \frac{V_R - V_r}{V_R} = \frac{V_R}{V_R} - \frac{V_r}{V_R} = 1 - \frac{r^3}{R^3} = 1 - \left(\frac{r}{R}\right)^3$$

$$= 1 - \left(\frac{5,4 \text{ cm}}{6,0 \text{ cm}}\right)^3 = 0,271 = \underline{27\%}$$

16.13



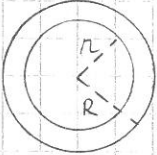
$$a) A = 4\pi r^2 = 1660 \text{ m}^2 \quad | : 4\pi \quad | \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$(\Rightarrow) r = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1660 \text{ m}^2}{4\pi}} \approx 11,493 \text{ m}$$

$$\Rightarrow d = 2r \approx 22,987 \text{ m} \approx \underline{23 \text{ m}}$$

$$b) V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi (11,493 \text{ m})^3 \approx 6359,69 \text{ m}^3 \approx \underline{6360 \text{ m}^3}$$

16.14



$$R = \frac{29 \text{ cm}}{2} = 14,5 \text{ cm}$$

$$r = R - 2,0 \text{ cm} = 12,5 \text{ cm}$$

$$a) V = V_R - V_r = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3 - \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

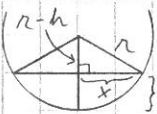
$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi [(14,5 \text{ cm})^3 - (12,5 \text{ cm})^3]$$

$$= 4588,820 \text{ cm}^3 \approx \underline{4600 \text{ cm}^3}$$

$$b) m = \rho V = 2100 \left(\frac{\text{kg}}{1000 \text{ cm}^3}\right) \cdot 4588,820 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\approx 9,63652 \text{ kg} \approx \underline{9,6 \text{ kg}}$$

16.15



$$h = 4,0 \text{ cm}, \quad x = \frac{18 \text{ cm}}{2} = 9 \text{ cm}$$

Pythagoras:

$$x^2 + (r-h)^2 = r^2$$

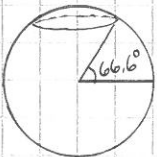
$$\Rightarrow x^2 + r^2 - 2rh + h^2 = r^2 \quad (\Rightarrow) x^2 + h^2 = 2rh$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \frac{x^2 + h^2}{2h} = \frac{9^2 + 4^2}{2 \cdot 4} = 12,125 \text{ (cm)}$$

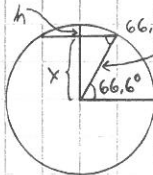
$$V = \pi h^2 \left(r - \frac{h}{3}\right) = \pi (4,0 \text{ cm})^2 \left(12,125 \text{ cm} - \frac{4,0 \text{ cm}}{3}\right)$$

$$\approx 542,448 \text{ cm}^3 \approx \underline{540 \text{ cm}^3}$$

16.16



leibatan
 \Rightarrow
 tanella



$$\sin 66,6^\circ = \frac{x}{R}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = R \sin 66,6^\circ$$

$$h = R - x = R - R \sin 66,6^\circ = R(1 - \sin 66,6^\circ)$$

$$\frac{A_a}{A} = \frac{2\pi R h}{4\pi R^2} = \frac{2\pi R \cdot R(1 - \sin 66,6^\circ)}{4\pi R^2} = \frac{1 - \sin 66,6^\circ}{2}$$

$$\approx 0,04112 \approx \underline{4,1\%}$$