

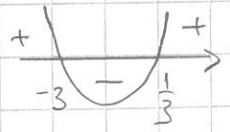
$$b) \quad f'(x) = \frac{(8x-3) \cdot (x^2+1) - (4x^2-3x) \cdot 2x}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{8x^3} + 8x - 3x^2 - 3 - \cancel{8x^3} + 6x^2}{(x^2+1)^2} = \frac{3x^2 + 8x - 3}{(x^2+1)^2} = 0 \quad ( \cdot )^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow 3x^2 + 8x - 3 = 0 \quad \Leftrightarrow x = \begin{cases} -3 \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{cases}$$

$f'$	+	-	+
$f$	$\nearrow$	$\searrow$	$\nearrow$
	-3	$\frac{1}{3}$	
	max	min	

$$f'(x) = \frac{3x^2 + 8x - 3}{(x^2+1)^2} > 0$$



$$f(-3) = \frac{9}{2} > \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 4 \Rightarrow \text{maxim area: } \frac{9}{2}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = -\frac{1}{2} < \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 4 \Rightarrow \text{minim area: } -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{4x^2 - 3x}{x^2 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{x^2(4 - \frac{3}{x})}{x^2(1 + \frac{1}{x^2})} = \frac{4-0}{1+0} = 4$$

$$6. \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1, & x < 1 \\ 2x, & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

$f$  on (jatkuvuus ja) derivaattaa arvoihin kun  $x \neq 1$

$$1^{\circ} \quad \begin{cases} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} (x^2 + 1) = 1^2 + 1 = 2 \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} 2x = 2 \cdot 1 = 2 \\ f(1) = 2 \cdot 1 = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = f(1) = 2 \Rightarrow f \text{ on jatkuvuus kohdassa } 1$$

$$2^{\circ} \quad \begin{cases} f'_-(1) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{f(x) - f(1)}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{(x^2 + 1) - 2}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} \stackrel{\left(\frac{0}{0}\right)}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{x-1} \\ = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} (x+1) = 1 + 1 = 2 \\ f'_+(1) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{f(x) - f(1)}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{2x - 2}{x - 1} \stackrel{\left(\frac{0}{0}\right)}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{2(x-1)}{x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} 2 = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow f'_-(1) = f'_+(1) = 2 \Rightarrow f \text{ on derivaattaa kohdassa } 1$$

$\Rightarrow f$  on derivaattaa R:issä

