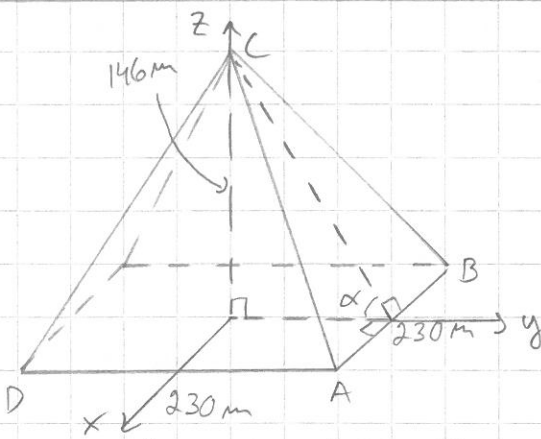


$\vec{PD} \parallel \vec{m} \Leftrightarrow \vec{PD} = t\vec{m} = 4t\vec{i} + t\vec{j} + 5t\vec{k} \Rightarrow D = (6+4t, 8+t, 13+5t)$   
 D on tasolla:  $4(6+4t) + (8+t) + 5(13+5t) - 13 = 0 \Leftrightarrow 42t + 84 = 0 \Leftrightarrow t = -2$   
 $\Rightarrow \vec{PD} = -8\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} - 10\vec{k} \Rightarrow |\vec{PD}| = \sqrt{(-8)^2 + (-2)^2 + (-10)^2} = 2\sqrt{42}$

10.

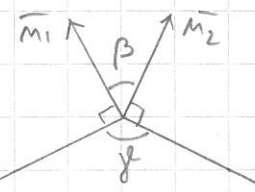


a)  $\tan \alpha = \frac{146\text{m}}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot 230\text{m}} \Rightarrow \alpha \approx 51,774^\circ \approx 52^\circ$   
 b)  $A = (115, 115, 0), B = (-115, 115, 0)$   
 $C = (0, 0, 146), D = (115, -115, 0)$   
 $\vec{AB} = -230\vec{i} \quad \vec{AC} = -115\vec{i} - 115\vec{j} + 146\vec{k}$   
 $\vec{AD} = -230\vec{j}$

lasetaan orientoituihin ABC ja ADC yläsuuntaan sojittavat normaali-vektorit:

$\vec{m}_1 = \vec{AB} \times \vec{AC} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ -230 & 0 & 0 \\ -115 & -115 & 146 \end{vmatrix} = 33580\vec{j} + 26450\vec{k}$   
 $\vec{m}_2 = \vec{AC} \times \vec{AD} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ -115 & -115 & 146 \\ 0 & -230 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 33580\vec{i} + 26450\vec{k}$

$\cos(\vec{m}_1, \vec{m}_2) = \frac{\vec{m}_1 \cdot \vec{m}_2}{|\vec{m}_1| |\vec{m}_2|} = \frac{26450^2}{33580^2 + 26450^2} \Rightarrow \angle(\vec{m}_1, \vec{m}_2) = \beta \approx 67,488^\circ$



Suuntakolmen reaalinen kulma on pyramidin sisällä eli:

$\gamma = 360^\circ - 90^\circ - 90^\circ - \beta \approx 112,512^\circ \approx 113^\circ$

Pythagoras:  $230^2 + 230^2 = (2a)^2 \quad |\sqrt{1:2}$   
 $\Rightarrow a = \sqrt{2} \cdot 115$

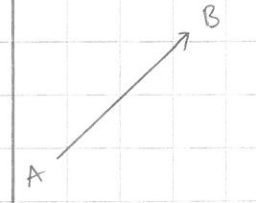
$\begin{cases} a^2 + 146^2 = z^2 \\ x^2 + y^2 = 230^2 \\ y^2 + (z-x)^2 = z^2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow z = \pm \sqrt{2 \cdot 115^2 + 146^2} = \sqrt{477666}$

$\Rightarrow 230^2 - x^2 + z^2 - 2zx + x^2 = z^2$   
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{230^2}{2z} = \frac{230^2}{2\sqrt{477666}} = \frac{26450}{\sqrt{477666}}$

$y^2 = 230^2 - x^2 = 230^2 - \frac{26450^2}{477666} = \frac{913609450}{23883}$

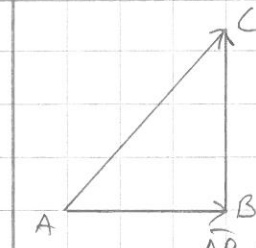
Kosinilause:  $(2a)^2 = y^2 + y^2 - 2 \cdot y \cdot y \cdot \cos \gamma$   
 $\Rightarrow \cos \gamma = \frac{(2 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot 115)^2 - 2y^2}{-2y^2} = \frac{13225}{34541} \Rightarrow \gamma \approx 112,512^\circ \approx 113^\circ$

1.



$A = (-1, 3, 2), \vec{AB} = 2\vec{i} - \vec{j} + 3\vec{k}, \vec{m} = 5\vec{i} + 12\vec{j} + \vec{k}$   
 a)  $B = (-1+2, 3-1, 2+3) = (1, 2, 5)$   
 b)  $|\vec{AB}| = \sqrt{2^2 + (-1)^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{14}$   
 c)  $\vec{AB} \cdot \vec{m} = 2 \cdot 5 + (-1) \cdot 12 + 3 \cdot 1 = 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow$  ei ole

2.



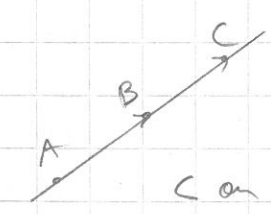
$A = (3, 1, 0), B = (6, 3, -1), C = (8, -1, -3)$   
 $\vec{AB} = 3\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - \vec{k} \Rightarrow |\vec{AB}| = \sqrt{3^2 + 2^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{14}$   
 $\vec{AC} = 5\vec{i} - 2\vec{j} - 3\vec{k} \Rightarrow |\vec{AC}| = \sqrt{5^2 + (-2)^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{38}$   
 $\vec{BC} = 2\vec{i} - 4\vec{j} - 2\vec{k} \Rightarrow |\vec{BC}| = \sqrt{2^2 + (-4)^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{24}$   
 $\vec{AB} \cdot \vec{BC} = 3 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot (-4) + (-1) \cdot (-2) = 6 - 8 + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow \vec{AB} \perp \vec{BC} \Rightarrow \angle B = 90^\circ$   
 Pinta-ala:  $A = \frac{1}{2} |\vec{AB}| |\vec{BC}| = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{14} \cdot \sqrt{24} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{7} \cdot \sqrt{2} \sqrt{4} \sqrt{3} = 2\sqrt{21}$

3.

Suora:  $\begin{cases} x = 2+t \\ y = -1-2t \\ z = 3-t \end{cases} \quad (t \in \mathbb{R})$   
 Taso:  $x - 3y + 2z + 4 = 0$

a)  $(2+t) - 3(-1-2t) + 2(3-t) + 4 = 0 \Leftrightarrow 5t + 15 = 0 \Leftrightarrow t = -3$   
 $\Rightarrow$  leikkauspiste:  $(2-3, -1-2(-3), 3-(-3)) = (-1, 5, 6)$   
 b) Piste on yz-tasolla  $\Leftrightarrow x = 2+t = 0 \Leftrightarrow t = -2$   
 $\Rightarrow$  piste:  $(2-2, -1-2(-2), 3-(-2)) = (0, 3, 5)$   
 c) Piste on z-akselilla  $\Leftrightarrow x = y = 0 \Rightarrow 2z + 4 = 0 \Leftrightarrow z = -2$   
 $\Rightarrow$  piste:  $(0, 0, -2)$

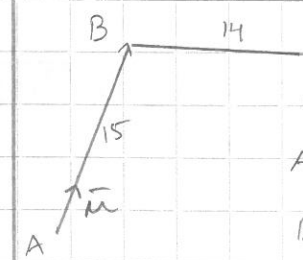
4.



$A = (40, -10, 50), B = (0, 10, 30), C = (120, -50, 110)$   
 a)  $\vec{AB} = -40\vec{i} + 20\vec{j} - 20\vec{k}$   
 $\vec{AC} = 80\vec{i} - 40\vec{j} + 60\vec{k}$   
 C on suoralla  $\Leftrightarrow \vec{AB} \parallel \vec{AC} \Leftrightarrow \vec{AC} = t\vec{AB} \Leftrightarrow 80\vec{i} - 40\vec{j} + 60\vec{k} = -40t\vec{i} + 20t\vec{j} - 20t\vec{k}$   
 $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 80 = -40t \\ -40 = 20t \\ 60 = -20t \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow t = -2 \quad \forall \Rightarrow$  C ei ole suoralla

b) P on suoralla  $\Leftrightarrow \vec{AP} \parallel \vec{AB} \Leftrightarrow \vec{AP} = t\vec{AB} = -40t\vec{i} + 20t\vec{j} - 20t\vec{k}$   
 $\Rightarrow P = (40-40t, -10+20t, 50-20t)$   
 P on xy-tasolla  $\Leftrightarrow z = 50-20t = 0 \Leftrightarrow t = \frac{5}{2} \Rightarrow P = (-60, 40, 0)$

5.



$A = (6, -8, 35), \vec{m} = -\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 2\vec{k}, \vec{n} = -2\vec{i} - 6\vec{j} + 3\vec{k}$   
 a)  $|\vec{m}| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + 2^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{9} = 3, |\vec{n}| = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (-6)^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{49} = 7$   
 $\vec{AB} = 15\vec{m} = 15 \cdot \frac{\vec{m}}{|\vec{m}|} = 15 \cdot \frac{\vec{m}}{3} = 5\vec{m}$   
 $\vec{BC} = 14\vec{n} = 14 \cdot \frac{\vec{n}}{|\vec{n}|} = 14 \cdot \frac{\vec{n}}{7} = 2\vec{n}$