Paljoussanat

```
little, a little,
few, a few,
much,
many,
a lot of, lots of
```



VÄHÄN vs. HARVAT

Milloin valitaan vähän-sanaksi little ja milloin few?

I have **little** money and so **little** spare time.

We got **a little** rain last week.

I have **little** interest in politics.

Pete has **few** friends and **few** hobbies.

Few people are as diligent as you.

You made a few mistakes in the test.



VÄHÄN vs. HARVAT

little

substantiivi on yksiköllinen eli ei-laskettava

little money / little spare time
a little rain / little interest

few

substantiivi on monikollinen eli laskettava

few friends / few hobbies
Few people / a few mistakes



LITTLE vs. A LITTLE

1. I have **a little** money.



= Minulla on jonkin verran rahaa.

a little = some

little = hardly any

2. I have **little** money.



= Minulla on tuskin yhtään rahaa.

3. Don't you know **a little** German as well? 🙂



- = Etkö osaa myös vähän saksaa?
- 4. He knows **little** of what is happening.

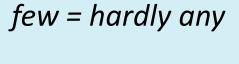


= Hän **ei** tiedä **juuri mitään** siitä, mitä tapahtuu.



FEW vs. A FEW

- 1. Pete has **few** friends.
- = Petellä on **tuskin yhtään** ystävää.
- 2. And he has **few** hobbies.



- a few = some
- = Eikä hänellä ole juurikaan harrastuksia.
- 3. Alan has **a few** good mates.



- = Alanilla on **muutamia** hyviä kavereita.
- 4. I have **a few days** off work.



= Minulla on **muutamia** päiviä vapaata töistä.



A LITTLE = SOME

= jonkin verran, vähän

A FEW = SOME

muutamia, vähän



LITTLE = HARDLY ANY

= tuskin yhtään, vähän

FEW = HARDLY ANY

harvoja, vähän, tuskin yhtään



Vähän, harvat

Tässä kerrostalossa asuu vain vähän lapsia. =

There are few children / very few children /

only a few children living in this apartment building.

Otan vain vähän sokeria teeheni. =

I take little sugar / very little sugar/only a little sugar in my tea.

POIKKEUS: only-sanan kanssa mukaan tulee aina 'a'

vain vähän = *only* <u>a</u> *little* vain muutama = *only* <u>a</u> *few*



VERTAILUMUODOT: vähemmän, vähiten

little, less, the least

I have **little** money but Kim has **less** money than me. Aisha has **the least** money of the three of us.

few, fewer, the fewest

I was surprised to see so **few** people on the train. There were **fewer** people there than usual. I try to travel at a time with **the fewest** people there.



MUCH vs. MANY

much ei-laskettavien asioiden yhteydessä

I don't have **much money**. / Have we got **much time**? / Thank you so **much**. / I liked it very **much**.

many laskettavien asioiden yhteydessä

I have many friends. / I didn't see many people there Does he have many kids?

 a lot of ja lots of yksiköllisten ja monikollisten sanojen yhteydessä

We don't have **a lot of / lots of** time.

Joe hasn't got **a lot of / lots of** friends.



MUCH ja MANY lähinnä kysymys- ja kieltolauseissa

 much ja many –sanoja käytetään lähinnä kieltolauseissa ja kysymyksissä

I don't have **much** money.

Have we got **much** time?

No, we don't have **much** time.

Does he have **many** kids?

- sanojen so, very, too ja as jälkeen niitä voi käyttää myös myönteisissä lauseissa: We have so much time.
- myönteisissä lauseissa: lots of / a lot of, plenty of, a great deal of, a great number (laskettavat) of a great amount (ei-laskettavat) of



VERTAILUMUODOT: enemmän, eniten

much, more, the most

We eat **too much fat**, sugar and salt. We need **more fibre** to help our digestion. Which yogurt had **the most sugar**?

many, more, the most

Many people buy vegetables.

More people are eating healthier food.

I like carrots the most.



MOST vs. MOST OF THE

useimmat = most ilman artikkelia
 Most people like to watch football.
 Most snakes are harmless.

MUTTA:

most of the = suurin osa jostain ryhmästä
 Most of my friends watched the game.
 Most of them are real fans.

