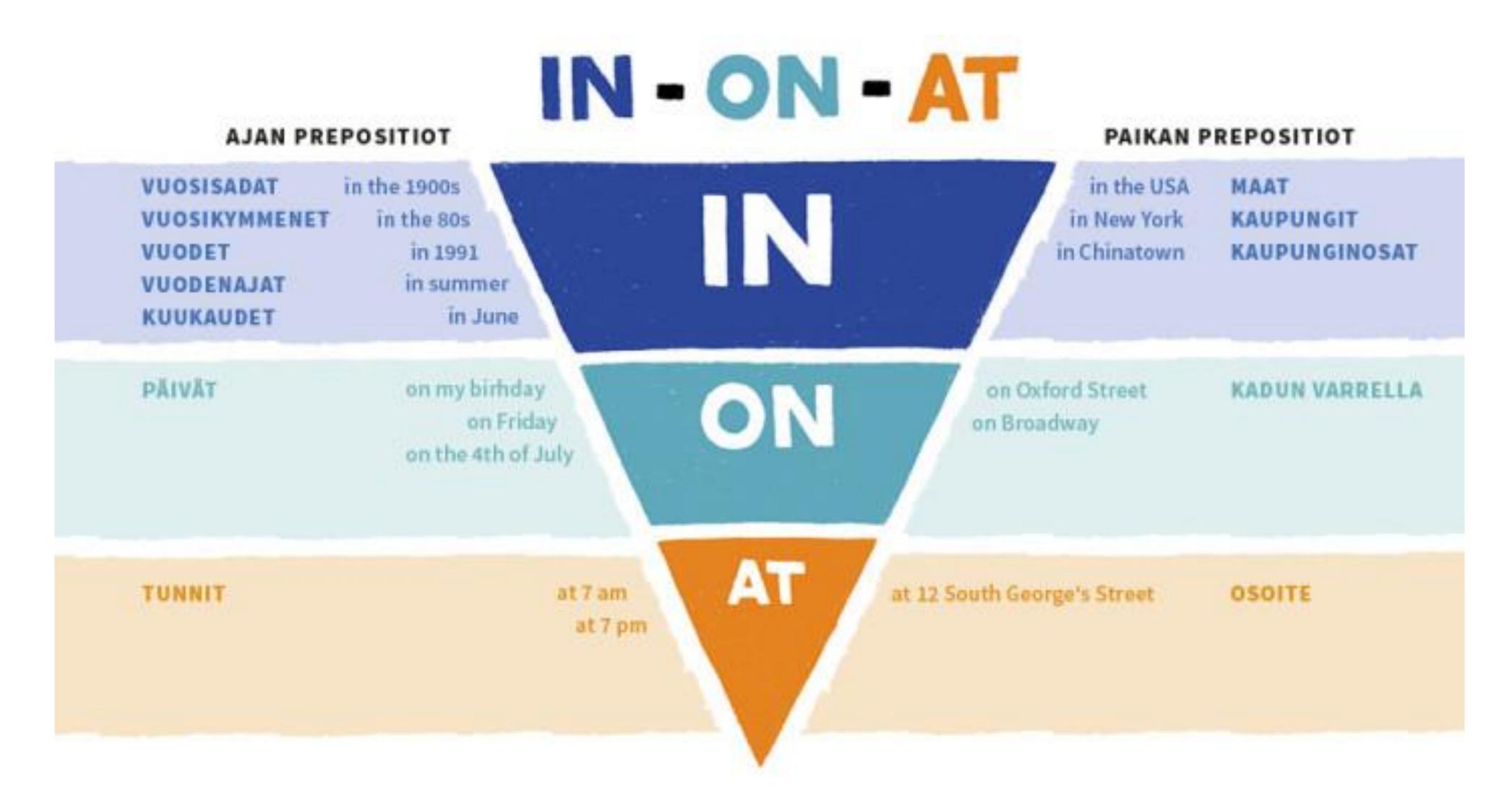
# Mitä opit tänään?

- Opit valitsemaan at/on/in –preposition välillä, kun ilmaiset aikaa
- Aamulla, syntymäpäivänäni, 17-vuotiaana, viime vuonna, kolmessa tunnissa jne.
- Perussääntö: ajan ilmauksissa täytyy olla prepositio!
- Poikkeus: opit kuusi sanaa joiden jälkeen ajanilmaukseen ei tule prepositiota.

# Ajan prepositiot



## At, on, in

- Tavallisia ajan prepositioita ovat at, on ja in.
- Lisäksi on ajanilmauksia, joissa prepositiota ei käytetä lainkaan.
- Prepositioita on parasta opetella vähitellen samalla kun opiskelee sanastoakin.
- Tässäkin asiassa harjoitus auttaa.

## At

#### Mitä aikaa nämä ilmaisevat?

The lesson started at 8.15.

The bus leaves at 12.30.

We woke up at dawn.

I like watching horror movies at night. We got there at the last minute.

Tarkkaa aikaa tai tiettyä hetkeä.

#### Mitä aikaa nämä ilmaisevat?

I got my driver's license at eighteen.

At seventeen you are not allowed to vote.

They got married at the age of twenty-six.

Ikää.

## At

#### Mitä aikaa nämä ilmaisevat?

At Christmas we always have turkey.

Where did you go at Easter?

At Midsummer the weather was rainy.

• Juhlapyhiä.

#### Mitä aikaa nämä ilmaisevat?

We need to pay these bills at the beginning of the month.

At the end of the year I always look forward to the New Year's celebration.

Life was different at the beginning of the 21st century.

There wasn't much talk of climate change at the turn of the century.

 Tietyn ajanjakson alkua tai loppua ja ilmauksessa on mukana of.

## On

#### Mitä aikaa nämä ilmaisevat?

My brother was born on the 28th of April.

We usually go out for pizza on Fridays.

On the first day of school I always make good promises to myself.

• Viikonpäiviä ja päivämääriä.

#### Mitä aikaa nämä ilmaisevat?

We woke up early on Monday morning.

On the evening of that day I didn't feel like doing anything.

 Tietyn päivän osaa. Vrt in the morning ja on Monday morning.

### In

#### Mitä aikaa nämä ilmaisevat?

The weather is at its coldest in January.

In the 90s, you still bought cds.

Nothing beats swimming in a lake in summer.

The Great Depression took place in the 20th century.

It started in the late 1920s, continued in the mid-1930s and lasted in the late 1930s, too.

• Päivää pidempää ajanjaksoa.

#### Mitä aikaa nämä ilmaisevat?

Let's leave bright and early in the morning.

We had lunch late in the afternoon.

They have a date in the evening.

I tend to study hard in the daytime and then study in the night time.

 Vuorokaudenaikaa. Huomaa kuitenkin tarkat hetket: at dawn, at noon, at night jne.

### In

#### Mitä aikaa nämä ilmaisevat?

I'll be ready in a minute.

Sue finished the test in a flash.

Go ahead, I'll come along in a while.

Jossakin ajassa.

## El prepositiota

#### Mitä näillä on yhteistä?

We do yoga every Monday.

Last year was a good year.

Let's wait until next week.

I might regret this one day.

This month we've had less rain than last month.

 Ei prepositiota jos ilmauksessa on every, last (=viime), next (=ensi), one, this tai that.

## Other prepositions of time

#### By, during, for, over

**By the time** we get there, it will be dark.

What have been the major changes during this century?

It feels like I haven't seen you **for ages**.

Many things tend to get easier **over** 

#### Since, from ... on, until/till

Since 2020 we've lived in the city centre.

From that year on I haven't gone near our old village.

We were up **until** two o'clock in the morning.

time.

## Practise

- 1. Vuoden alussa
  - at the beginning of the year.
- 2. syntymäpäiväsi aamuna?
  - on the morning of your birthday
- 3. 90-luvun alkupuolella
  - In / During the early 90s
- 4. auringon noustessa.
  - at sunrise.

## Practise

5. tunnissa

(with)in an hour

6. Viime viikolla - kuin ensi viikolla

Last week - next week

7. kolmeen asti

until / till three o'clock

8. viiteen mennessä

by five (o'clock)