

SET 1

LUNAR MAPS

***For Use with the Astronomical League
Lunar I Observing Program***

Erect Image (North Up) Maps

With Selected Expanded Views

Revised 2012 September 20

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Published by Howard L. Cohen
Gainesville, Florida

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Maps Produced by Howard L. Cohen using a LROC (NASA) composite whole moon image with a supplementary full moon image by Howard Eskildsen, Ocala, Florida.

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Preface

These maps were created to help star gazers learn more about the moon's surface characteristics by identifying one hundred features listed by the Astronomical League's Lunar Club. The A.L. tabulates these features on their web site and provides a convenient observing form (in pdf format) for recording the lunar observations. (A copy of this form is included at the end of these maps.) Listed features include some naked eye lunar objects plus many binocular and small telescope targets. (All objects can be discerned in a good 60 mm telescope.)

However, observers must use printed maps or use lunar software to identify and find most features. This effort takes time but can have immeasurable benefits for those who really want to study the Moon. Still, inexperienced observers may find this process daunting since most published maps show many hundreds if not thousands of lunar features. Instead, the included sets of maps primarily show and identify only the one hundred A.L. features. Therefore, even novice lunar observers can easily find and identify all features on the A.L. list. This process partially sacrifices the instructive value of having to learn features by looking them up on commercially available maps. Still, by using these maps, more people are likely to take up lunar observing.

In addition, the author has used a photographic image of the Moon based on images acquired by NASA's Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter for the labeled maps. This composite image more realistically illustrates the Moon that observers will view although the base image shows only one sun angle and one libration. Finally, unlike some maps that use numerical labels for features that require reference to an index, the included maps show all labels on the maps themselves.

For convenience, map sets include some enlarged sections to aid identification of some small features. The included set (**called Set 1**) is produced with *erect* (north up) maps. In addition, maps sets (**Sets 2 & 3**) are also available for *inverted views* (common for reflector telescopes), and *mirror-reversed views* (north up, common for refractors). Using these maps, the author could find and identify all features given for a given phase on the A.L.'s list within fifteen minutes or less observing time. **Recommendation:** Print on "high-quality" printer settings so fine detail shows. **Suggestion:** Insert maps into plastic sheet protectors to reduce absorption from moisture.

See the A.L.'s web site for details on the Lunar Club and other A.L. observing clubs: www.astroleague.org.

Howard L. Cohen
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February 2012

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*Additional maps also available: **Set 2** (Inverted or South Up); **Set 3** (Mirror-Reversed).

Introduction

The Astronomical League's Lunar Program Introduces Amateur Astronomers to the Moon

RULES AND REGULATIONS To qualify for the **AL's Lunar Program Certificate and pin**, one must be a **member of the Astronomical League** and **observe 100 features** on the Moon. These 100 features are in three groups: 18 naked eye, 46 binocular, and 36 telescopic features. (The A.L. also conducts a more advanced lunar program, Lunar II.) The image map index lists all 100 features.

Any pair of binoculars and any telescope may be used. If you have difficulty observing features at one level, *go to the next higher level*. So, if you have trouble with any of the naked eye objects, move up to binoculars. If you have trouble with any of the binocular objects, then you may move up to a telescope.

OBSERVING FORM The A.L.'s Lunar I observing form lists all 100 features to observe for their Lunar Program. The map appendix includes a copy of this form. For more information go to the AL's website: astroleague.org/al/obsclubs/lunar/lunar1.html.

IMAGE MAPS The following pages show full image lunar maps that may help you identify features. The maps show all 100 features but some features may appear on more than one map. A few supplementary features are listed as additional aids. *Small features that may not show well on the full image maps are also shown on supplementary, enlarged maps*. Different maps illustrate features listed by the A.L. for several different lunar phases. However, maps can help identify features visible at other phases. Finally, most full image maps for each phase have two parts to reduce the number of features listed on each map.

THREE SETS OF MAPS This document contains maps only for *erect views* of the Moon with north up (**Set 1**). Additional maps are **available as separate documents** for *inverted views* with south up (**Set 2**), and for *mirror-reversed views* with north up (**Set 3**).

BASE IMAGES FOR MAPS The lunar maps used are a composite from the NASA Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter Camera (LROC). Actual illumination and libration at the time of observation may differ from what the maps show since the map composite is made from images all shown under similar, moderate solar illumination angles. In addition, an image for an actual Full Moon taken by Howard Eskildsen (Ocala, FL) was also used as a supplementary image to help illustrate example lunar rays, which are most noticeable under high solar illumination. For more information about LROC see: www.lroc.asu.edu.

Extra Resources

*Commercially Available Lunar Maps and Lunar Software**

MAPS FROM SKY PUBLISHING CORP.

(www.shopatsky.com/category/maps-and-globes/?m=leftnav_maps-and-globes)

- Moon Map Laminated Item, #59198, Price: ~\$6.95
- Mirror Image Moon Map Laminated, Item #5921X, Price: ~\$6.95
- Sky & Telescope Field Map Of The Moon, Item #59228, Price: ~\$12.95
- Field Map of the Moon (Mirror Image) Item #59295, Price: ~\$12.95
- Chuck Wood's Lunar 100 Card Plastic, Item #L100, Price: ~\$6.95

SOFTWARE

- Lunar Map Pro 5.0 by RITI, Deluxe Edition: \$79.95 (www.riti.com/prodserv_lunarmappro.htm)
- Virtual Moon Atlas Pro, 5.1: Free Download (ap-i.net/avl/en/download)

*Prices at time of publication.

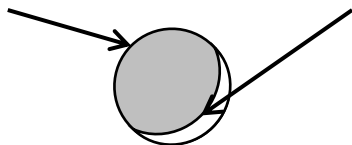
Naked Eye Objects

Crescent Moons
Imaginary Figures

MOON: NAKED EYE OBJECTS — CRESCENT MOONS

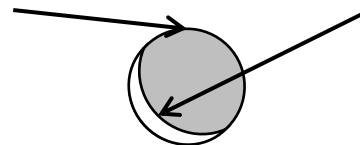
(Northern Hemisphere Views — Reverse Lunar Images for Southern Hemisphere)

Old Moon in New Moon's Arms



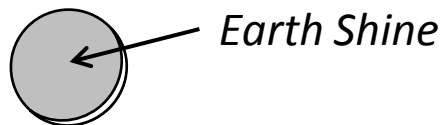
Western Horizon, Early Evening
(Within 72 Hrs of New)

New Moon in Old Moon's Arms



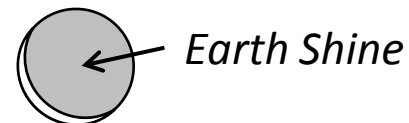
Eastern Horizon, Early Morning
(Within 72 Hrs of New)

Crescent Moon, Waxing



Western Horizon, Early Evening
(Within 40 Hrs of New)

Crescent Moon, Waning



Eastern Horizon, Early Morning
(Within 48 Hrs of New)

Man in the Moon



Woman in the Moon



Rabbit in the Moon



Cow Jumping Over Moon

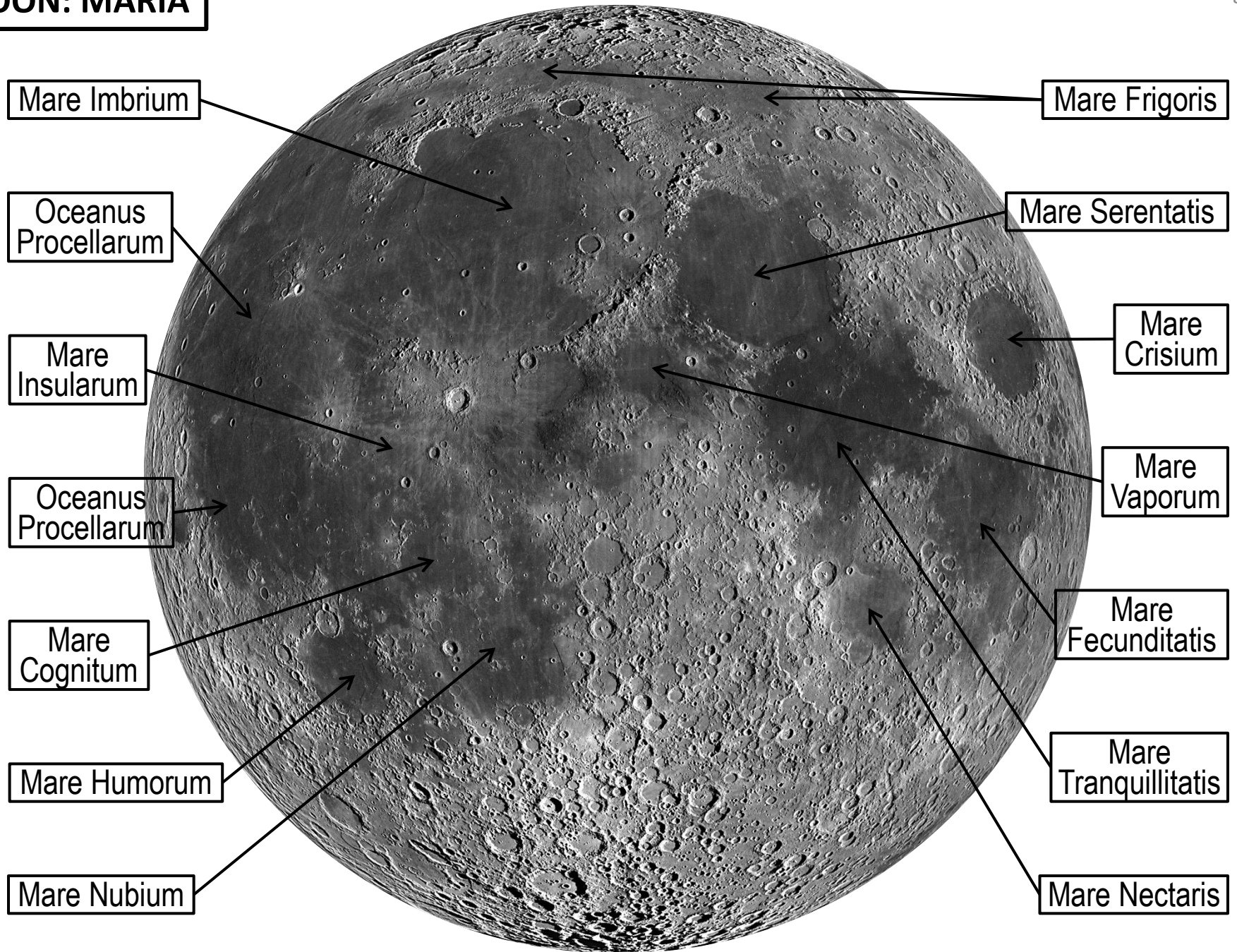


Set I: Full Image Maps

Direct Image Maps
(North Up)

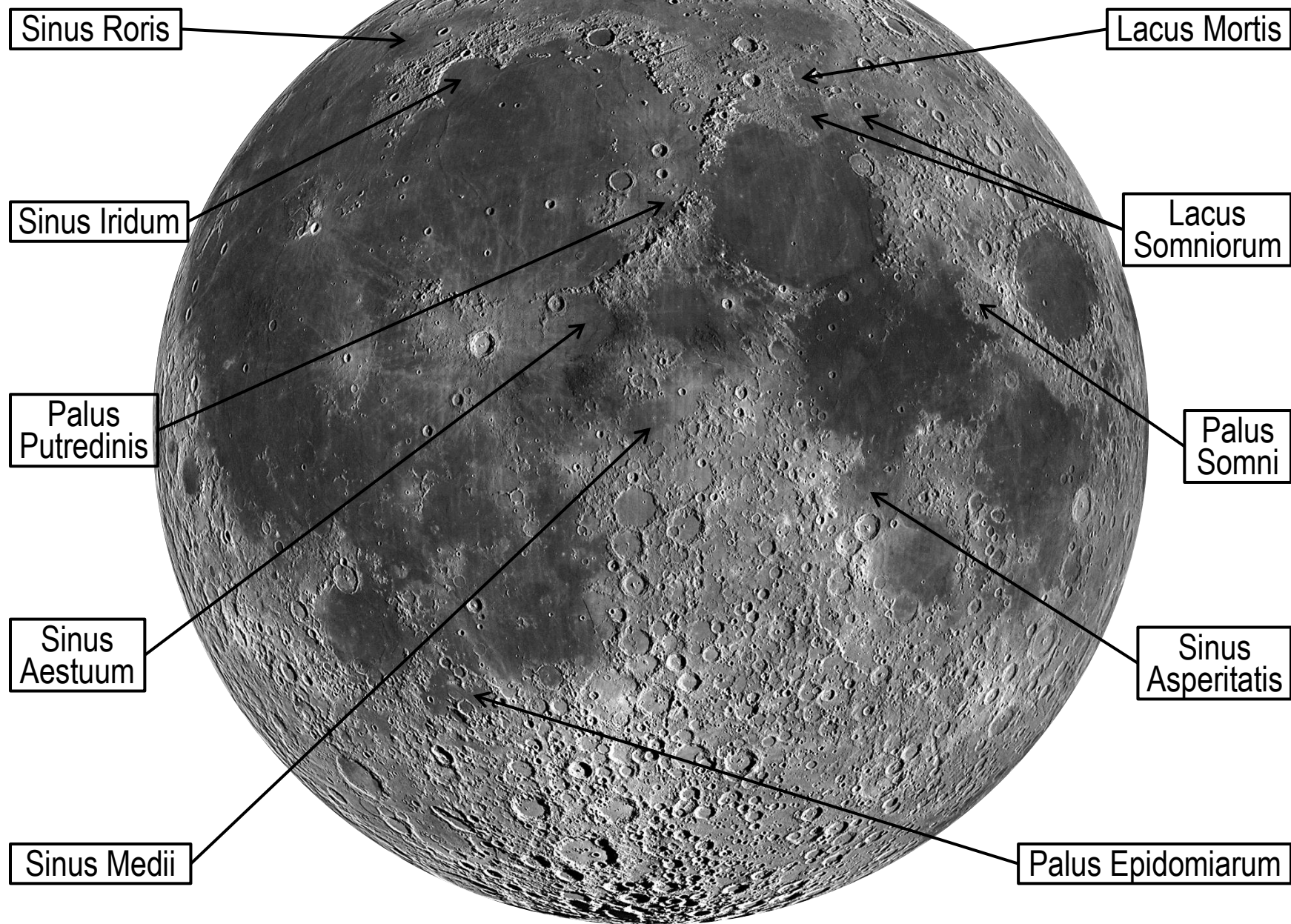
MOON: MARIA

[NORTH UP]



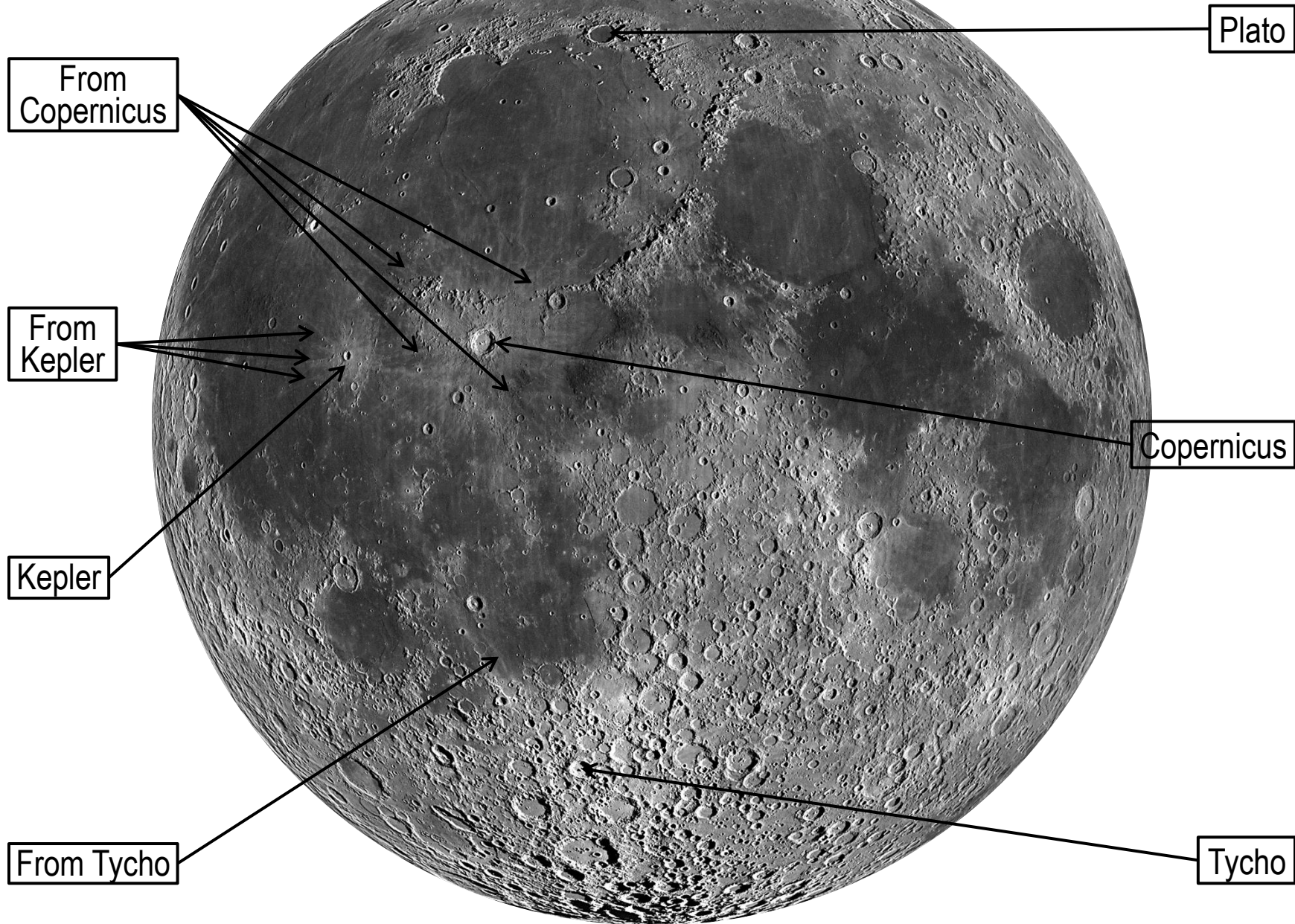
MOON: SMALL BASINS

[NORTH UP]



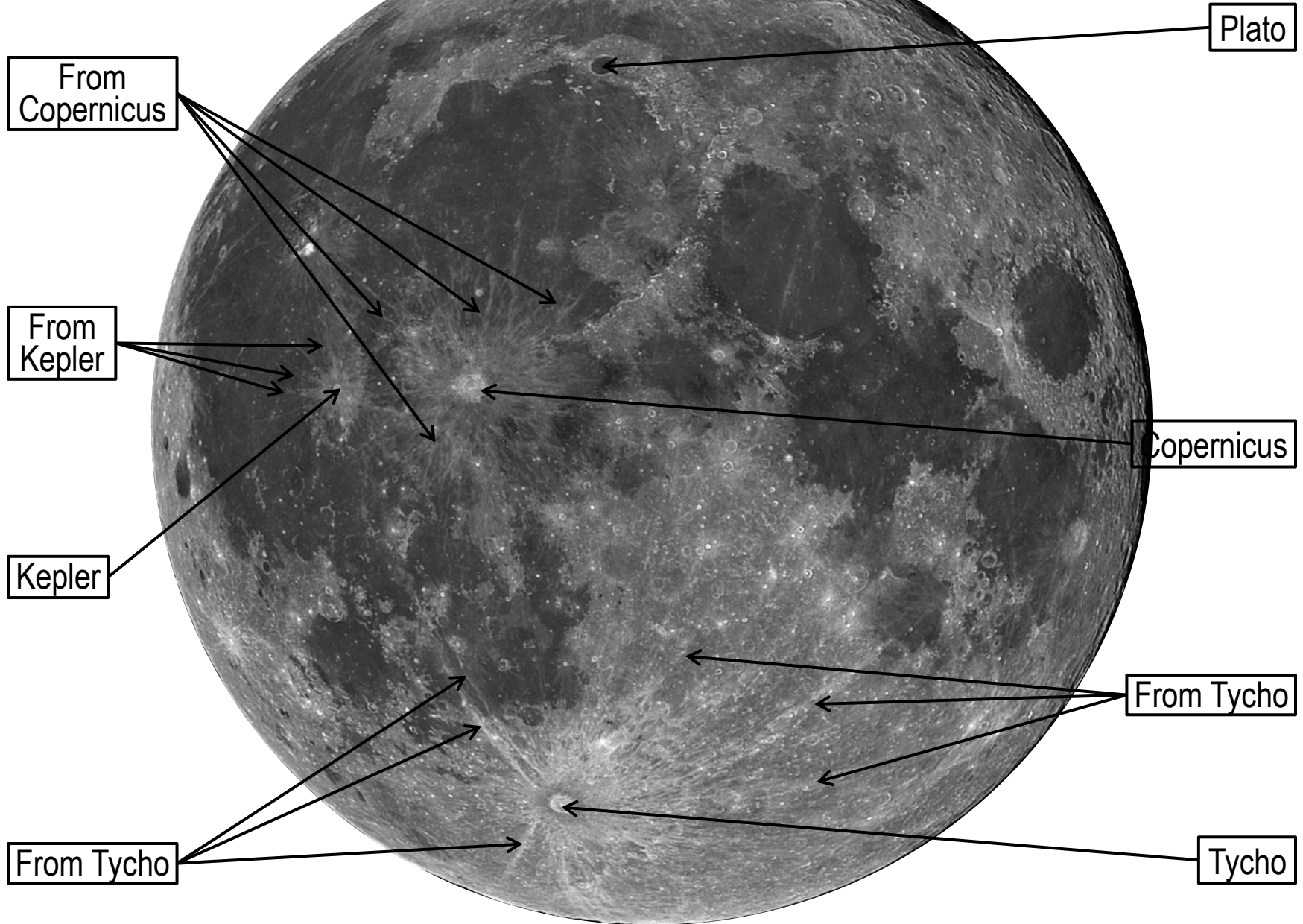
MOON: EXAMPLES OF RAYS

[NORTH UP]

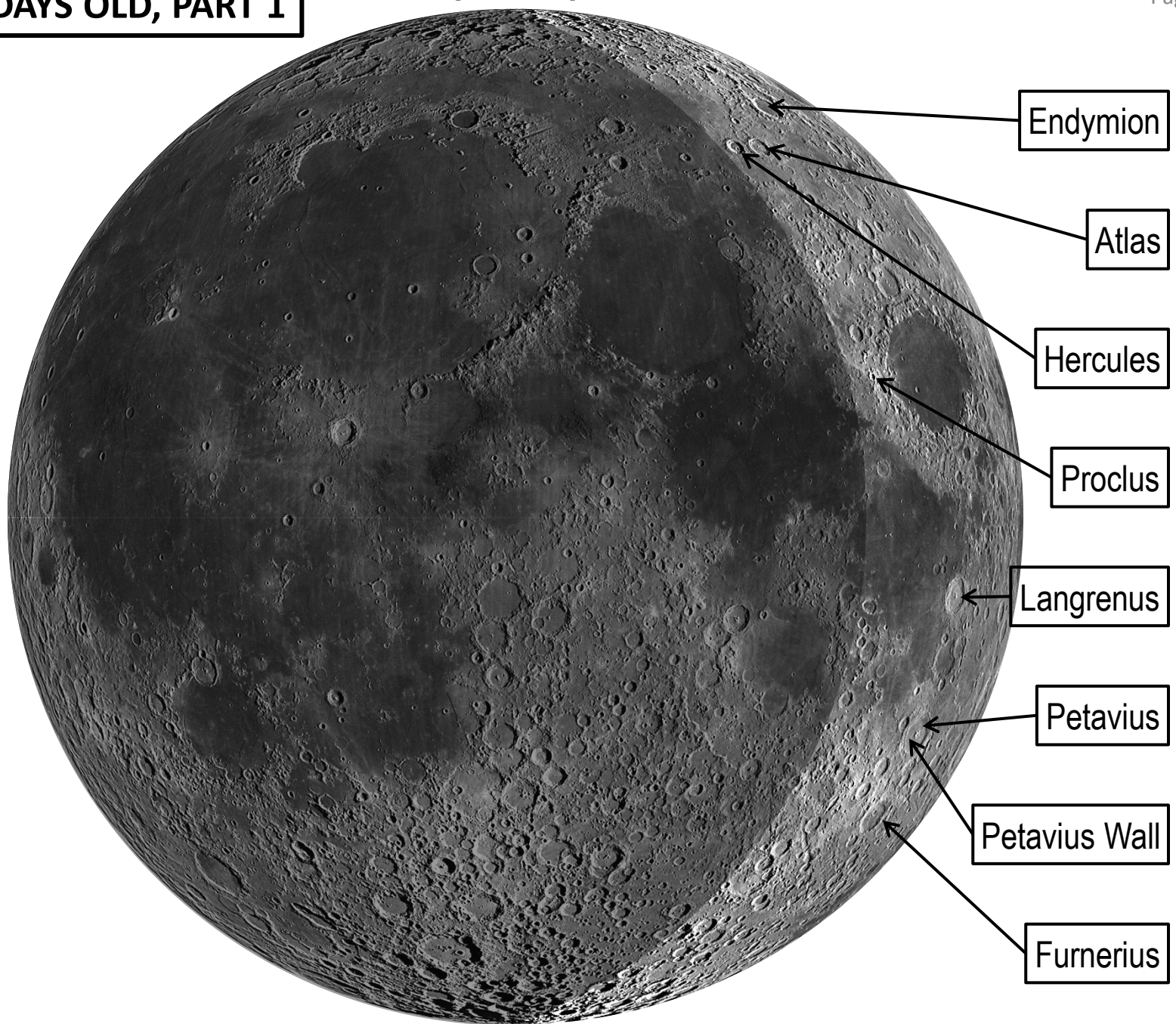


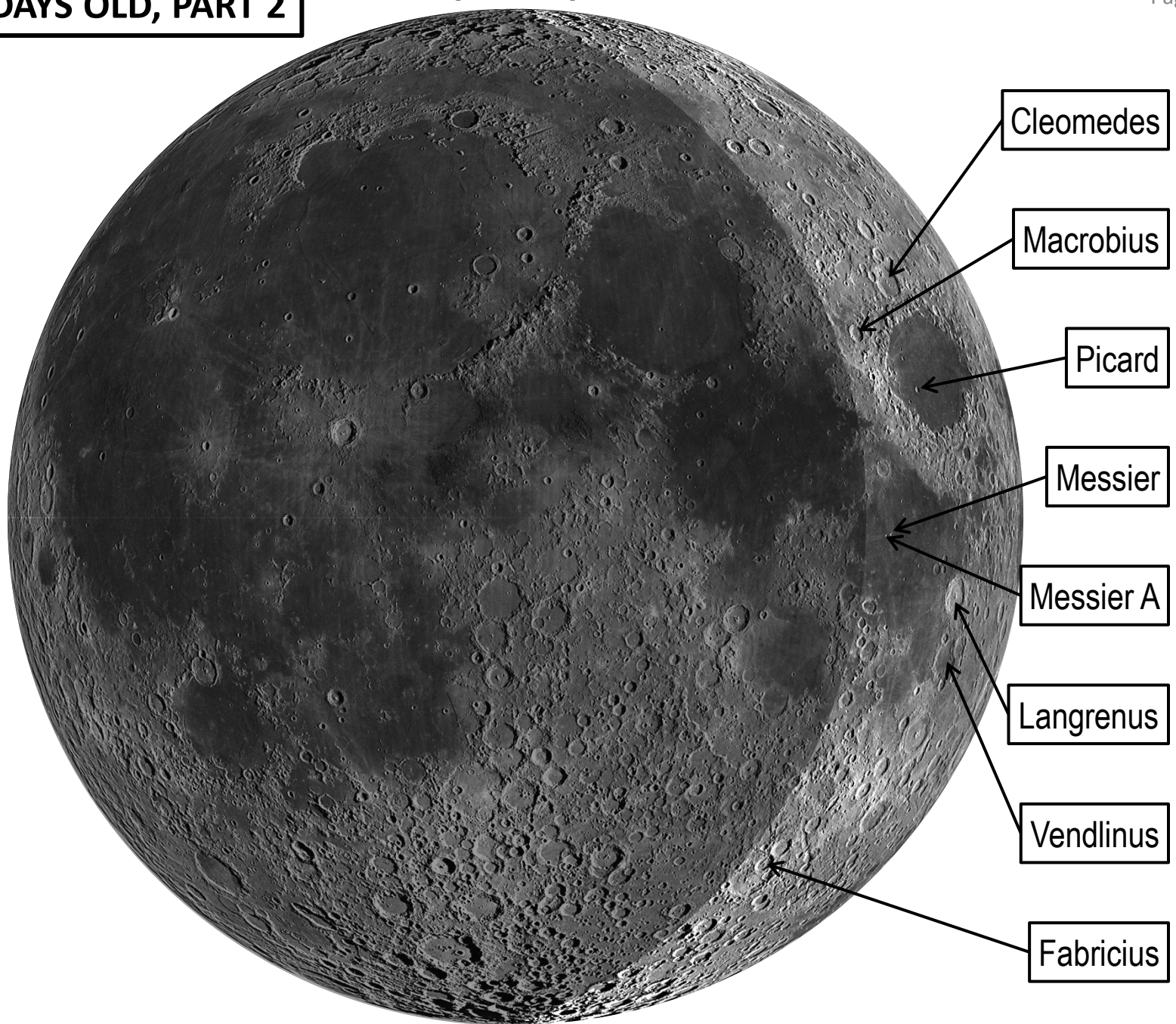
**MOON: EXAMPLES OF RAYS
(Shown on Actual Full Moon)**

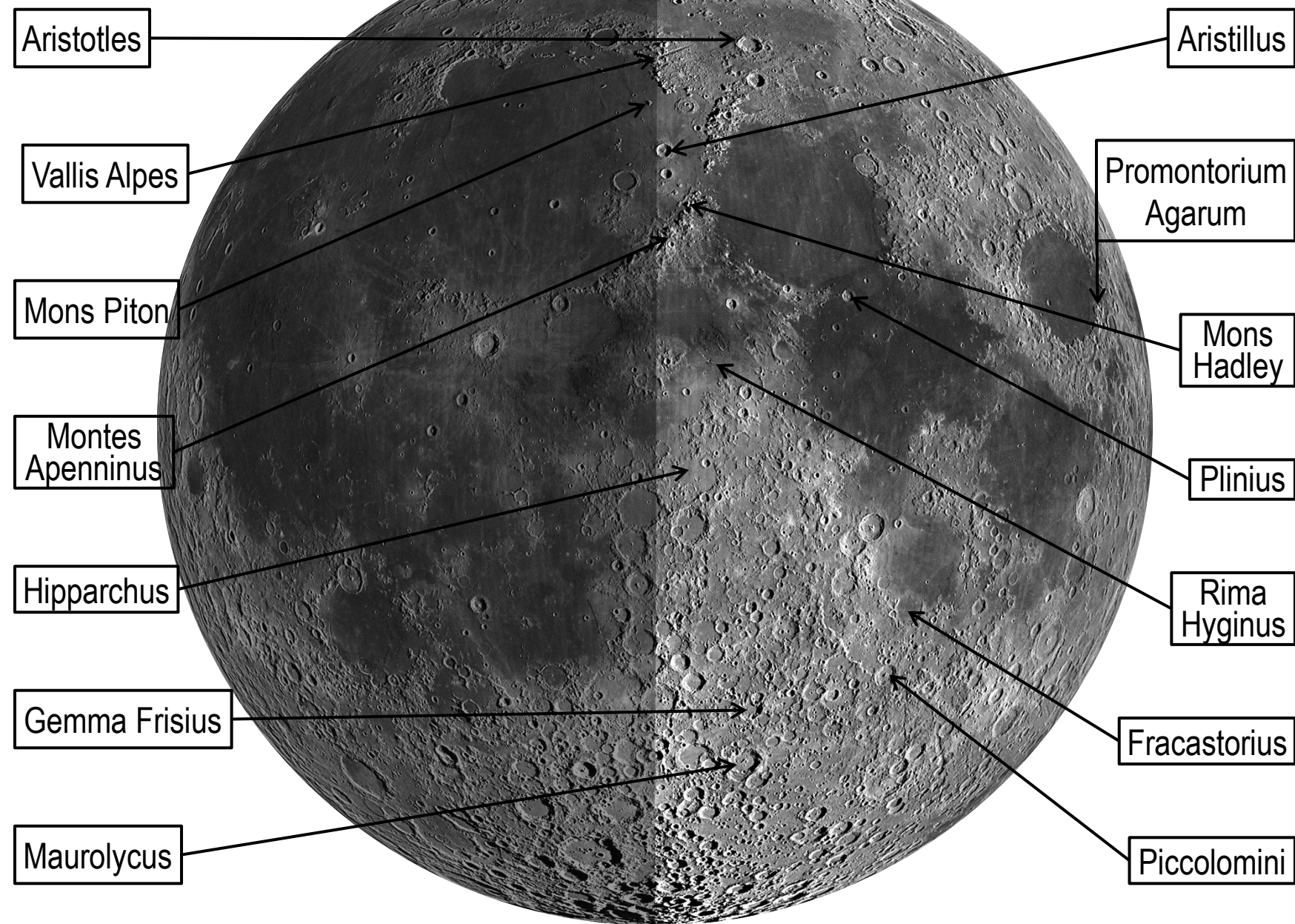
[NORTH UP]

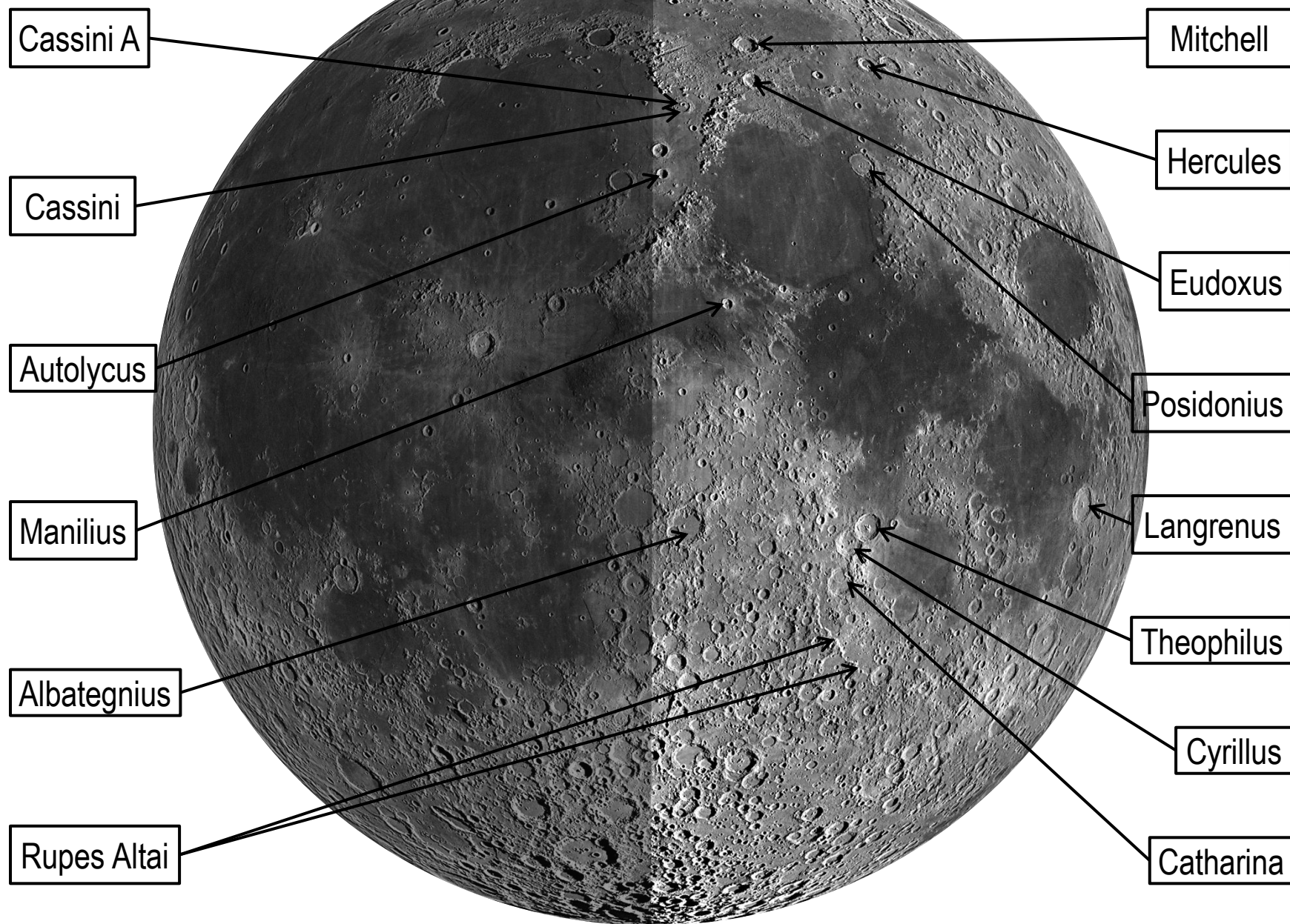


Illumination ~99.6%





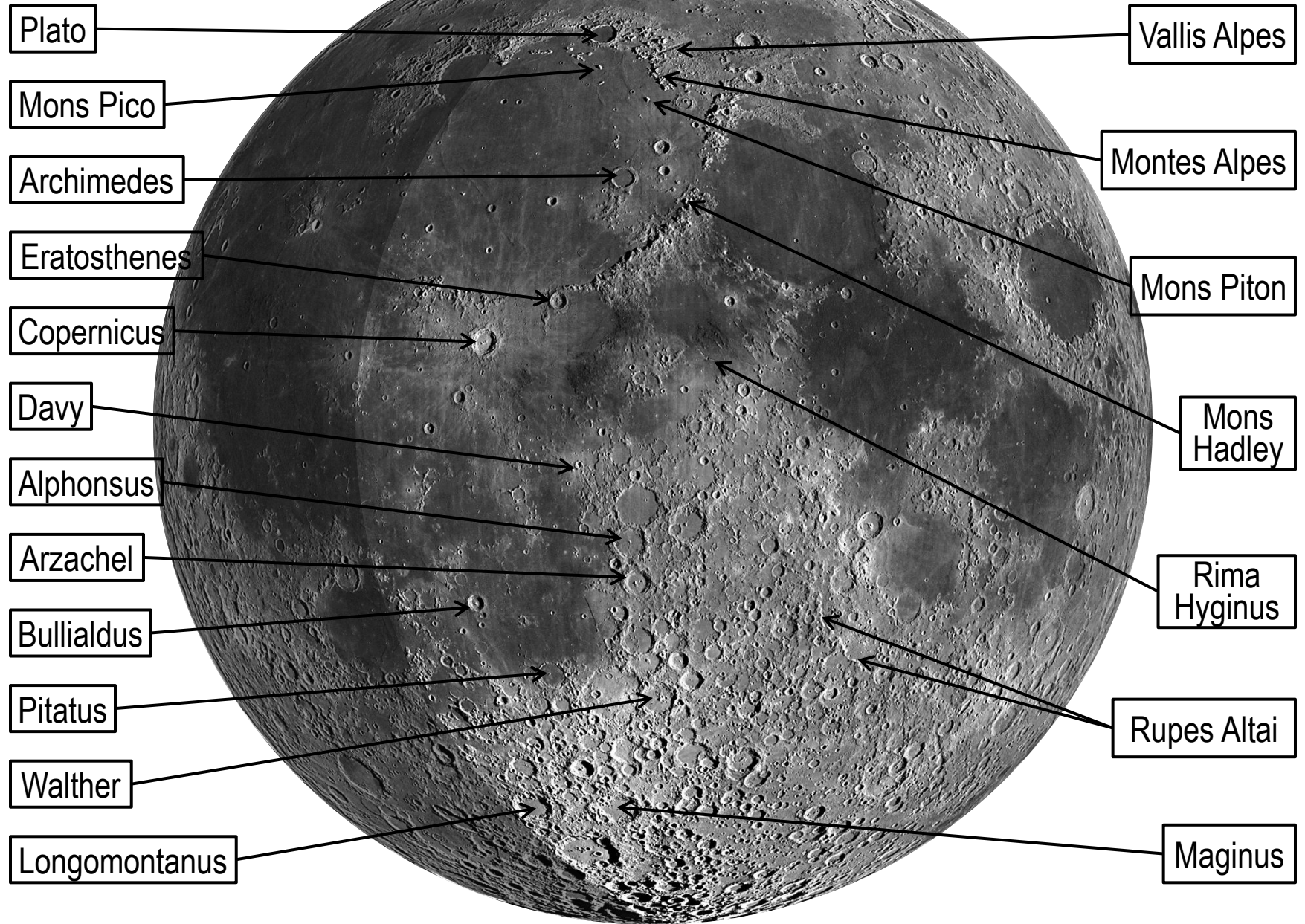




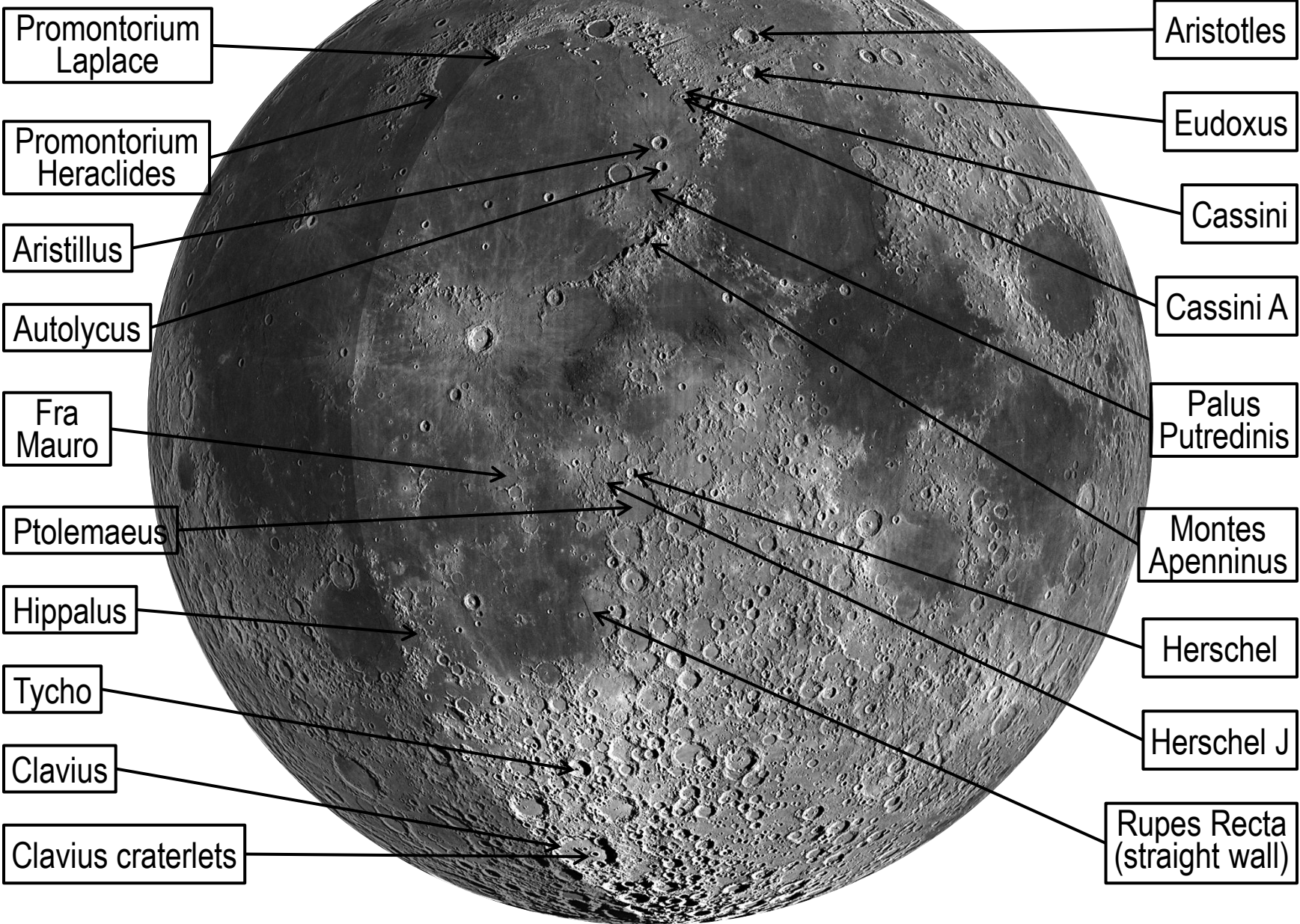
Illumination ~50%

MOON: ~10 DAYS OLD, PART 1

[NORTH UP]



Illumination ~70%



Promontorium
Laplace

Promontorium
Heraclides

Kepler

Reiner
Gamma

Billy

Hippalus

Tycho

Longomontanus

Plato

Vallis Alpes

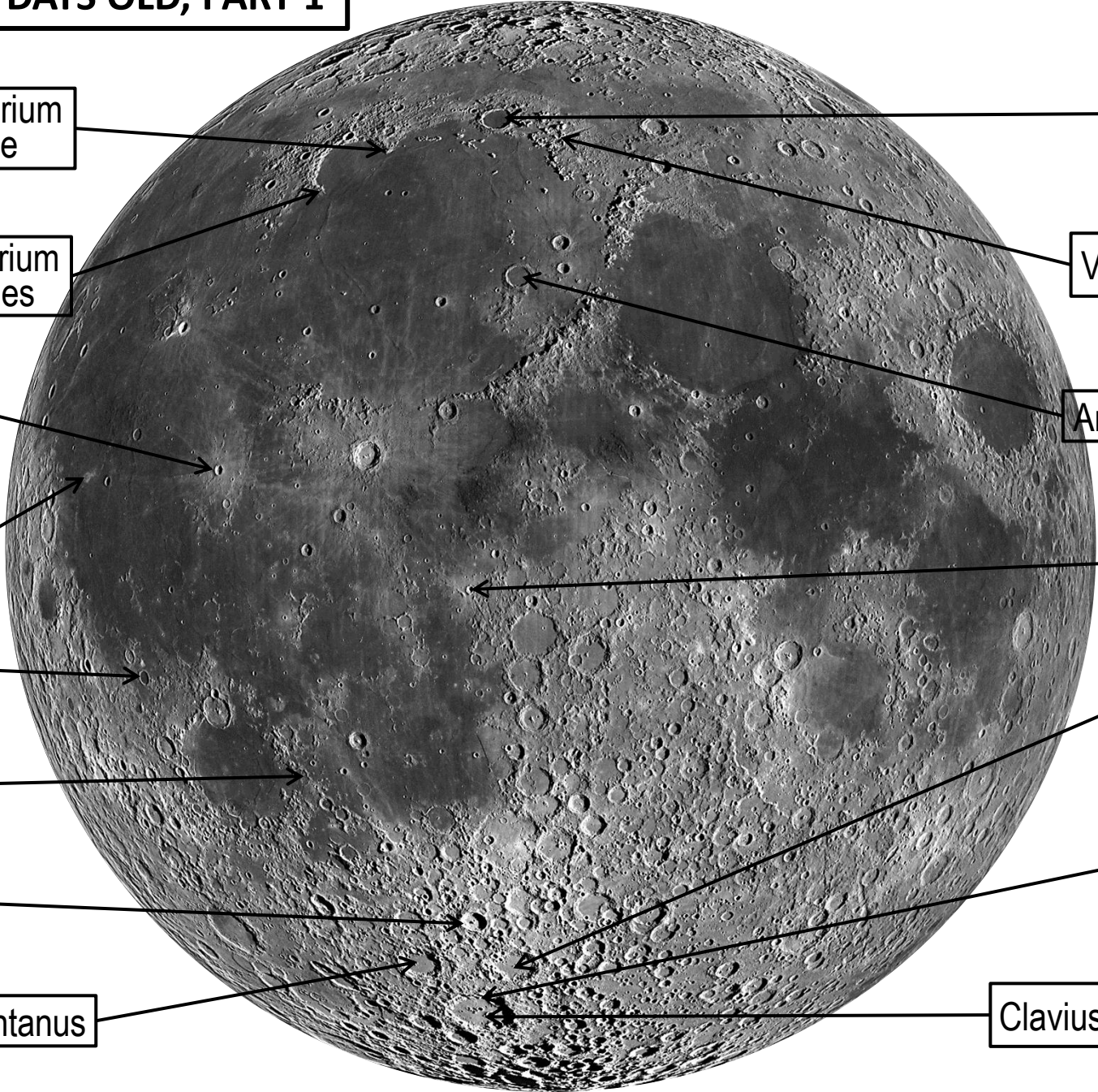
Archimedes

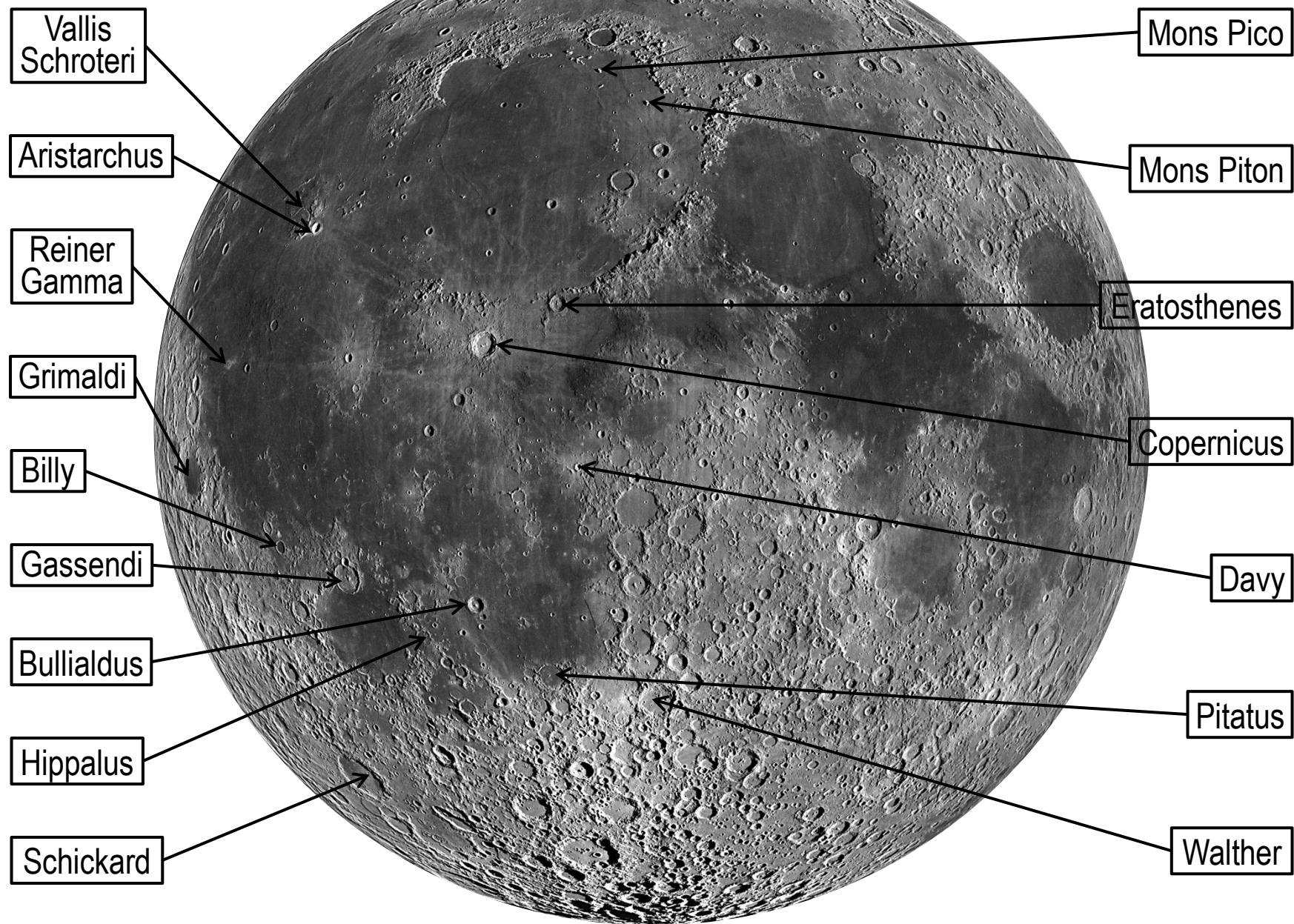
Davy

Maginus

Clavius

Clavius craterlets

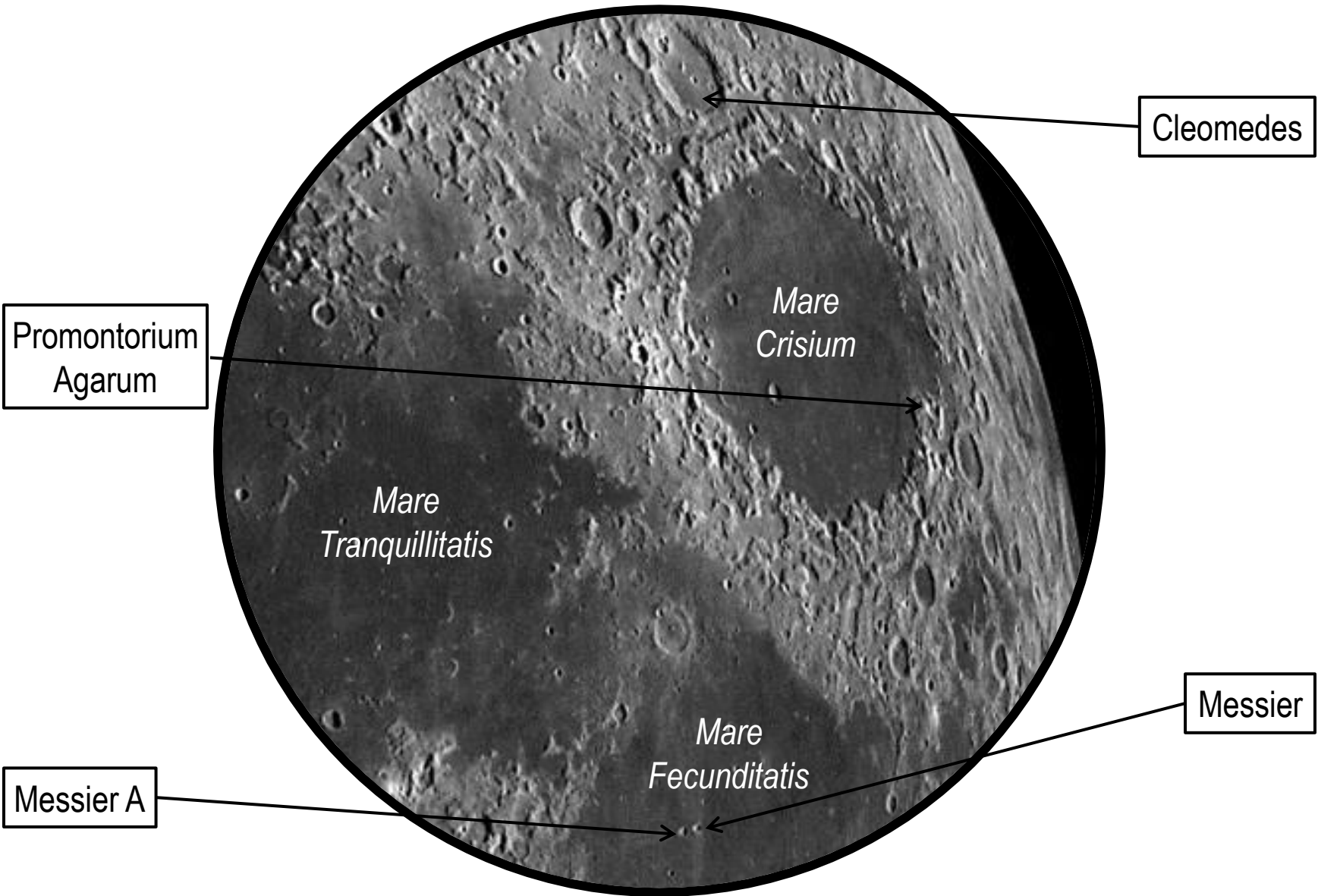


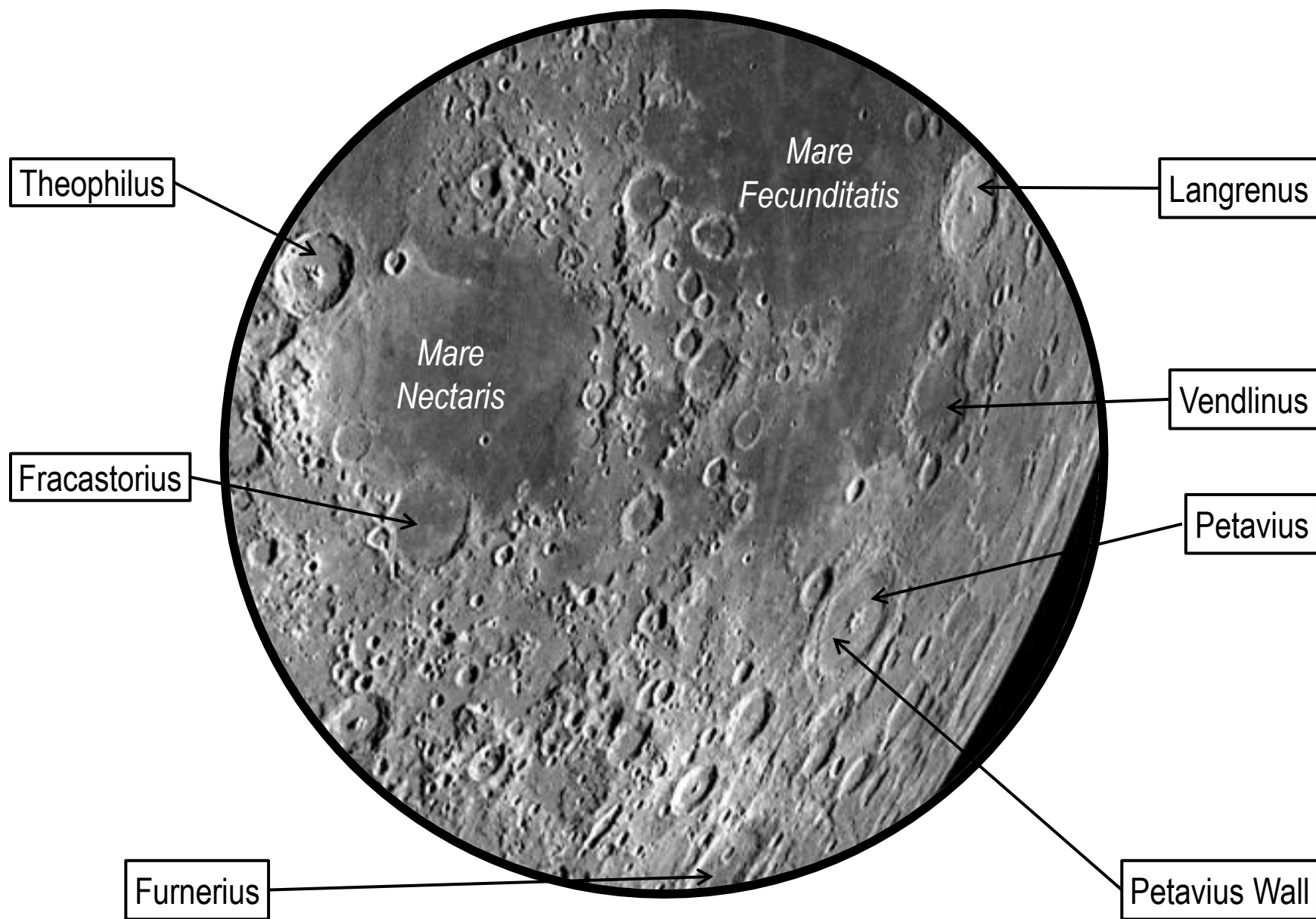


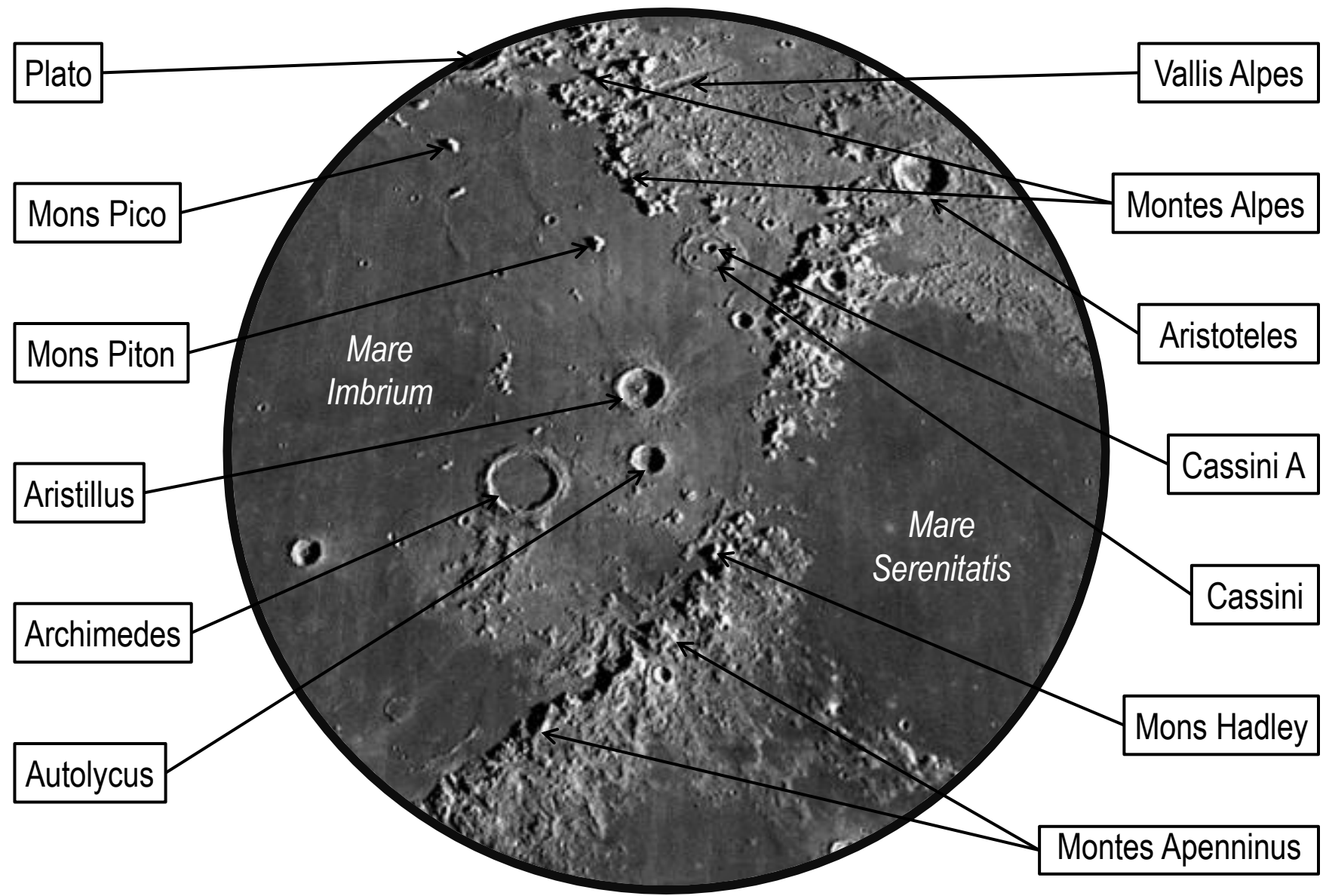
Illumination ~100%

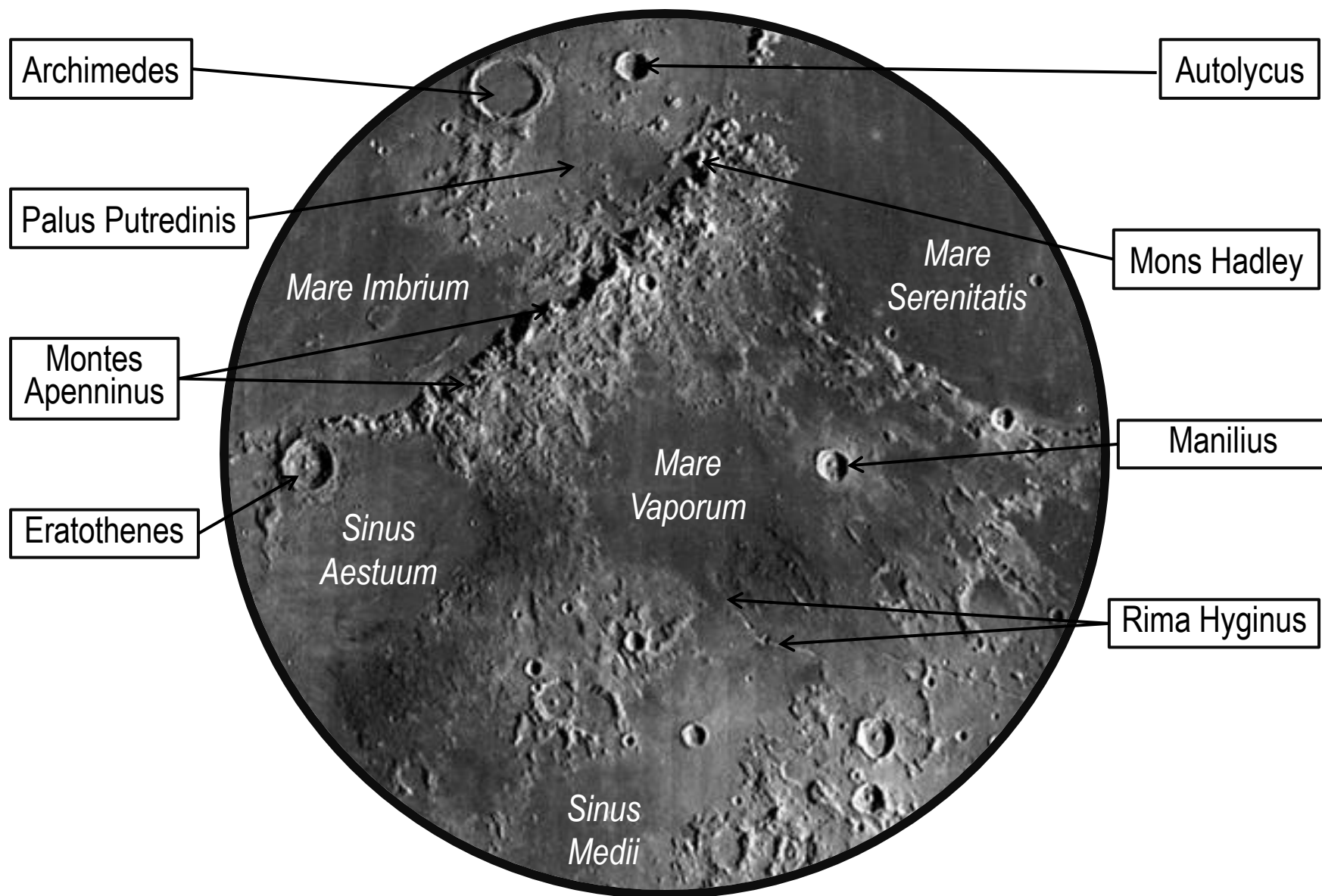
Set I: Enlarged Image Maps

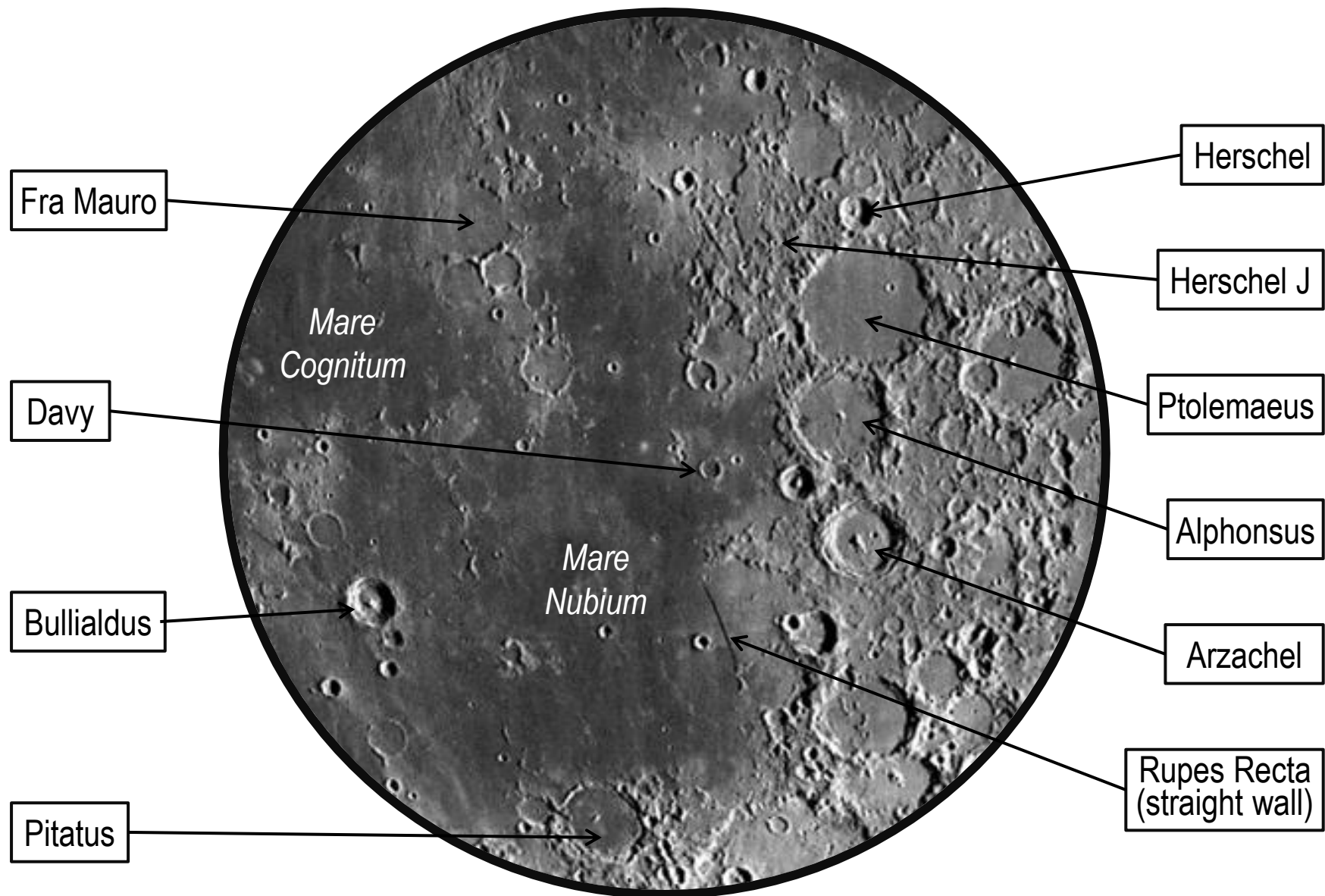
Erect Image Maps
(North Up)

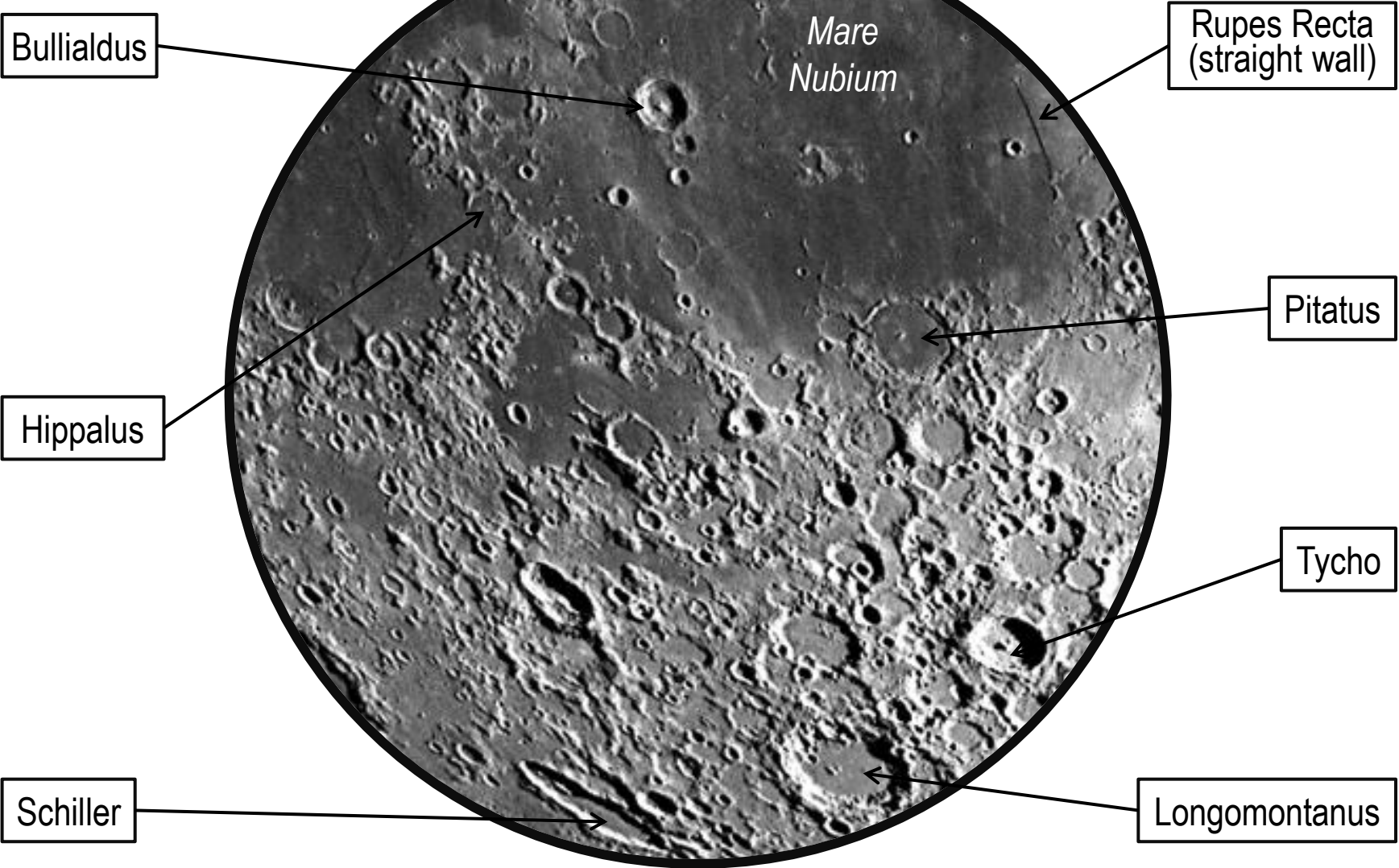


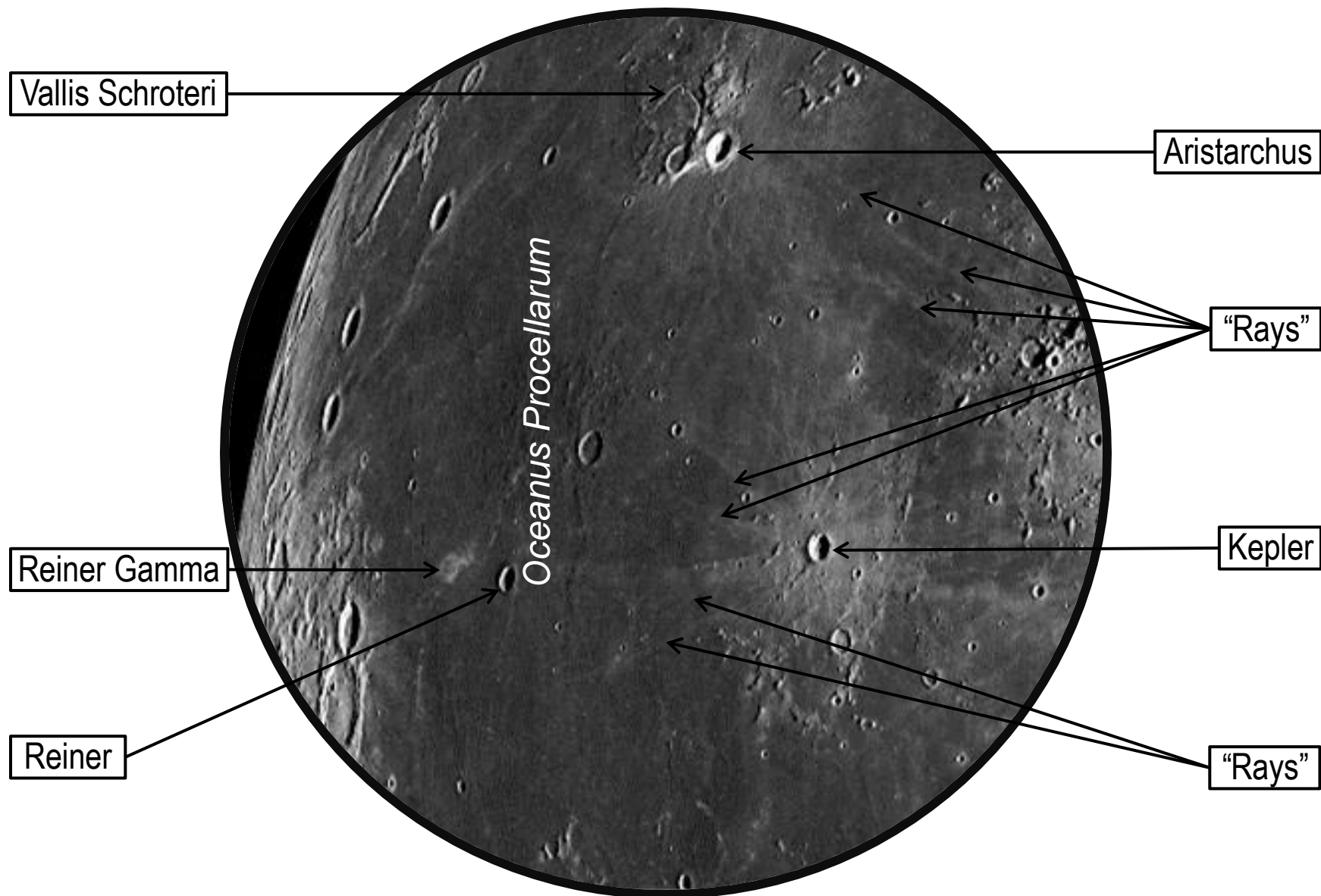












Appendix

- Lunar Feature Glossary –
- Some Maria and Similar Features –

Lunar Feature Glossary

basin	large, bowl-shaped depression probably of impact origin
caldera	large crater formed by volcanic explosion or by collapse of a volcanic cone
catina	(pl. <i>catinae</i>) crater chain
cliff	high, steep, or overhanging face of rock
craterlets	small craters
craters	bowl-shaped depression or basin usually of impact origin
domes	rounded hill probably of volcanic origin often capped with small crater
graben	elongated depression or channel caused by vertical geologic faults
lacus	(pl. <i>laci</i> ; Latin <i>lake</i>) dark, isolated irregular patch
libration	slow apparent lunar oscillation in latitude (abt. 7°) and longitude (abt. 8°); allows 59% of surface to be seen
mare	(pl. <i>maria</i> ; Latin <i>sea</i>) large dark basin
mons	(Latin <i>mountain</i>) a mountain; sometimes the walls of large basins
montes	mountain range or group of mountains
oceanus	large dark region (cf. mare)
palus	(pl. <i>pali</i> ; Latin swamp or marsh) small plain (or “marsh”)
peak	pointed mountain summit
promontory	high ridge
ray	light-colored, linear features extending radial from (usually younger) lunar craters; conspicuous near Full Moon
rille	(alt. <i>rima</i>) well-defined, long, narrow valley or cleft with sides approximately parallel <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – arcuate rille curved rille, often concentric; confined within circular mare – sinuous rille long, winding steep walled valley; often discontinuous; likely lava channels; V-shape – strait (linear) rille strait rille that appears to be a linear <i>graben</i>; flat floors
rima	(pl. <i>rimae</i>) a rille, crack or fissure (see <i>rille</i>)
rupes	(pl. <i>rupes</i>) a lunar <i>scarp</i>
scarp	(<i>escarpment</i>) steep slope or long cliff often from faulting or erosion
sinus	(<i>bay</i> , pl. <i>sini</i>) indentation in edge of high ground; protrusion from dark area
valles	(<i>valley</i>) elongated lowland between mountain ranges, hills, or uplands

Some Marian & Similar Features

(Most named for water bodies — not all on A.L. Lunar I Feature List)

- Lacus Mortis (Lake of Death)
- Lacus Somniorum (Lake of Dreams)
- Mare Anguis (Sea of Snake)
- Mare Australe (Southern Sea)
- Mare Crisium (Sea of Crisis)
- Mare Fecunditatis (Sea of Fertility)
- Mare Frigoris (Sea of Cold)
- Mare Humboldtianum (Sea of Humboldt)
- Mare Humorum (Sea of Moisture)
- Mare Imbrium (Sea of Rain)
- Mare Insularum (Sea of Islands)
- Mare Nectaris (Sea of Nectar)
- Mare Nubium (Sea of Clouds)
- Mare Sernitatis (Sea of Serenity)

- Mare Smythii (Smyth's Sea)
- Mare Spumans (Foaming Sea)
- Mare Tranquillitatis (Sea of Tranquility)
- Mare Vaporum (Sea of Vapors)
- Mare Undarum (Sea of Waves)
- Oceanus Procellarum (Ocean of Storms)
- Palus Epidemiarum (Marsh of Disease)
- Palus Nebularum (Marsh of Mists)
- Palus Putredinus (Marsh of Rot)
- Palus Somni (Marsh of Sleep)
- Sinus Aestuum (Seething Bay)
- Sinus Iridium (Bay of Rainbows)
- Sinus Medii (Central Bay)
- Sinus Roris (Bay of Dew)

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A.L. Lunar Program

Official A.L. Observing Record Sheets

Lunar Club Program

Naked Eye Objects

Instruments Used _____

OBJECT	FEATURE	DATE	TIME
[] (Within 72 Hrs of new)	Old Moon in New Moon's Arms	_____	_____
[] (Within 72 Hrs of new)	New Moon in Old Moon's Arms	_____	_____
[] (Within 40 Hrs of new)	Crescent Moon, Waxing	_____	_____
[] (Within 48 Hrs of New)	Crescent Moon, Waning	_____	_____
[]	Man in the Moon	_____	_____
[]	Woman in the Moon	_____	_____
[]	Rabbit in the Moon	_____	_____
[]	Cow Jumping Over the Moon	_____	_____

Maria

[]	Crisium	_____	_____
[]	Fecunditatis	_____	_____
[]	Serenitatis	_____	_____
[]	Tranquillitatis	_____	_____
[]	Nectaris	_____	_____
[]	Imbrium	_____	_____
[]	Frigoris	_____	_____
[]	Nubium	_____	_____
[]	Humorum	_____	_____
[]	Oceanus Procellarum	_____	_____

Binocular Objects

Instruments Used _____

OBJECT	FEATURE	DATE	TIME
[]	Lunar Rays	_____	_____
[]	Sinus Iridum	_____	_____
[]	Sinus Medii	_____	_____
[]	Sinus Roris	_____	_____
[]	Palus Somnii	_____	_____

<input type="checkbox"/>	Palus Epidemiarum	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mare Vaporum	_____	_____
Craters			
<input type="checkbox"/> ~4 Days old	Langrenus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Vendelinus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Petavius	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cleomedes	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Atlas	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Hercules	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Endymion	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Macrobius	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> ~7 Days old	Piccolomini	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Theophilus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cyrillus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Catharina	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Posidonius	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fracastorius	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Aristoteles	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Eudoxus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Cassini	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Hipparchus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Albategnius	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Aristillus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Autolycus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maurolycus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> ~10 Days old	Plato	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Archimedes	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ptolemaeus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Alphonsus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Arzachel	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Walter	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maginus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Tycho	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Clavius	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Eratosthenes	_____	_____

<input type="checkbox"/>	Longomontanus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Copernicus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bullialdus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Aristarchus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Gassendi	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> ~14 Days old	Kepler	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Grimaldi	_____	_____

Telescopic Objects

Instruments Used _____

OBJECT	FEATURE	DATE	TIME
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sinus Aestuum	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Lacus Mortis	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Palus Putredinis	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Promontorium Laplace	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Promontorium Heraclides	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Promontorium Agarum	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Montes Alpes	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Montes Apenninus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mons Hadley	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mons Piton	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Mons Pico	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rupes Altai	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rima Hyginus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Vallis Schroteri	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Vallis Alpes	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rupes Recta (straight wall)	_____	_____

Craters

<input type="checkbox"/> ~4 Days old	Picard	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Furnerius	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Petavius Wall	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Messier/Messier A	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Proclus	_____	_____
<input type="checkbox"/>	Fabricius	_____	_____

[] ~7 Days old	Plinius	_____	_____
[]	Mitchell	_____	_____
[]	Cassini A	_____	_____
[]	Manilius	_____	_____
[]	Gemma Frisius	_____	_____
[] ~10 Days old	Davy	_____	_____
[]	Pitatus	_____	_____
[]	Billy	_____	_____
[]	Fra Mauro	_____	_____
[]	Clavius craterlets	_____	_____
[]	Hippalus	_____	_____
[]	Herschel, J.	_____	_____
[] ~14 Days old	Schickard	_____	_____
[]	Reiner Gamma	_____	_____