

Deriv.
määritelmä 1)

$$f'(x_0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0}$$

Esim. $f(x) = 2x + 1$, $f(-1) = 2 \cdot (-1) + 1 = -1$

Tapa 1 1) $f'(-1) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{f(x) - f(-1)}{x - (-1)}$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{2x + 1 - (-1)}{x + 1}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{2x + 1 + 1}{x + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{2x + 2}{x + 1}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{2(x+1)}{x+1} = 2$$

$$\underline{\text{Tapn}^2} \ 2) \ f'(x_0) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_0+h) - f(x_0)}{h}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(-1) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(-1+h) - f(-1)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2h-1 - (-1)}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2h}{h} = 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(-1+h) = 2 \underbrace{(-1+h)}_{\rightarrow} + 1 = 2h-1$$

Esim.:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$$

$$f(2) = \frac{1}{2+1} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$f'(2) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x) - f(2)}{x - 2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{3}}{x - 2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\frac{3 - (x+1)}{3(x+1)}}{x - 2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\frac{-x + 2}{3(x+1)}}{x - 2}$$

$-x + 2 = -(x - 2)$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{-\cancel{(x-2)}}{3(x+1)} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{(x-2)}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{-1}{3(x+1)} = -\frac{1}{3(2+1)} = -\frac{1}{9}$$

605. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x-3}$, $x \neq 3$

$$f'(x_0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0}$$

$$f(2) = \frac{1}{2-3} = -\frac{1}{1} = -1$$

$$f'(2) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x) - f(2)}{x - 2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\frac{1}{x-3} + 1}{x-2}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\frac{x-2}{x-3}}{x-2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\cancel{x-2}}{x-3} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{x-2}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{x-3} = \frac{1}{2-3} = -1$$

605. i) a) $\lim$

$$f'(x_0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{\frac{1}{x-3} - \frac{1}{x_0-3}}{x - x_0}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{\frac{x_0-3 - (x-3)}{(x-3)(x_0-3)}}{x - x_0}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{\frac{x_0 - x = -(x - x_0)}{(x-3)(x_0-3)}}{x - x_0}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{-\cancel{(x-x_0)}}{(x-3)(x_0-3)} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{x-x_0}} = \frac{-1}{(x_0-3)(x_0-3)}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-3}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-1}{(x-3)^2}$$