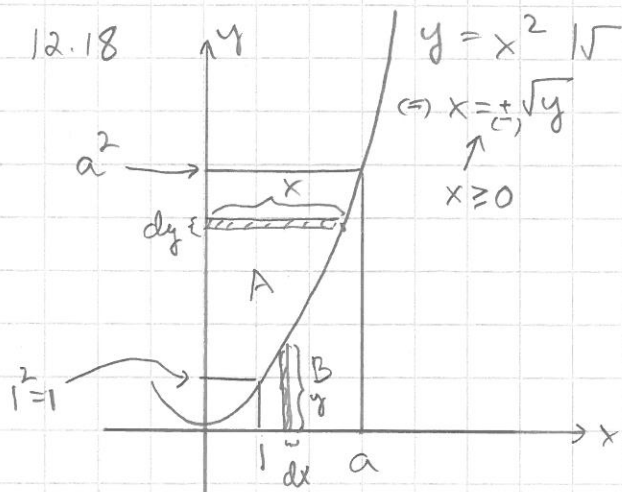


$$= \dots = 0,533333 \text{ (m}^2\text{)}$$

Jilapleur:  $V = Ah = 0,533333 \text{ m}^2 \cdot 450 \text{ m} = \underline{240 \text{ m}^3}$



$a > 1$

$$B = \int_1^a y \, dx = \int_1^a x^2 \, dx = \left[ \frac{1}{3} x^3 \right]_1^a$$

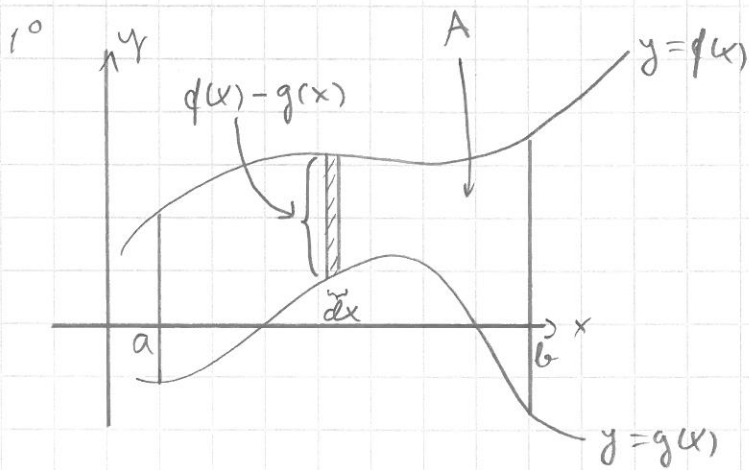
$$= \frac{1}{3} a^3 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 1^3 = \frac{1}{3} a^3 - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$A = \int_1^{a^2} x \, dy = \int_1^{a^2} \sqrt{y} \, dy = \int_1^{a^2} y^{\frac{1}{2}} \, dy$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2}{3} y^{\frac{3}{2}} \right]_1^{a^2} = \frac{2}{3} \left( (a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 1^{\frac{3}{2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} (a^3 - 1) = 2 \underbrace{\left( \frac{1}{3} a^3 - \frac{1}{3} \right)}_B = 2B\%$$

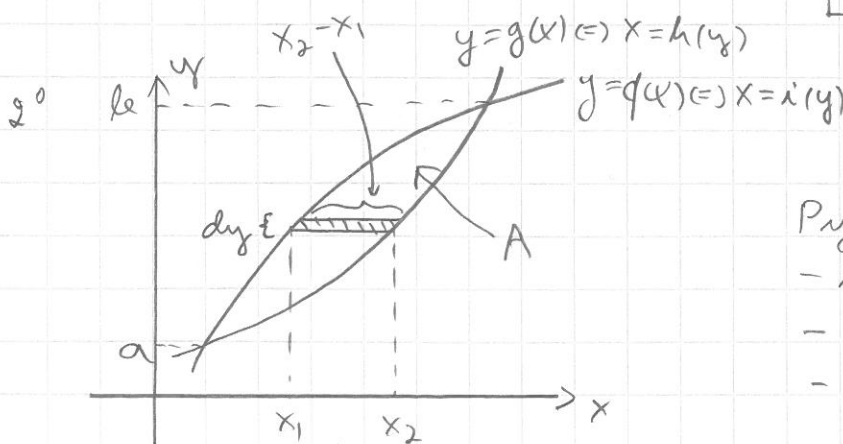
### 13. Kaliden kairan välinen alue



Olkoon  $f(x) \geq g(x)$  alueen  $x \in [a, b]$

- Pylväcän:
- kante:  $dx$
  - korkeus:  $f(x) - g(x)$
  - pinta-ala:  $(f(x) - g(x)) dx$

$$\Rightarrow A = \int_a^b (f(x) - g(x)) \, dx$$



- Pylväcän:
- kante:  $dy$
  - leveys:  $x_2 - x_1 = h(y) - i(y)$
  - pinta-ala:  $(x_2 - x_1) dy = (h(y) - i(y)) dy$

$$\Rightarrow A = \int_a^b (x_2 - x_1) \, dy = \int_a^b (h(y) - i(y)) \, dy$$

↑ oikea      ↑ vasen