

$$(10) a) \int_{-4}^9 \sqrt{2x+17} dx = \int_{-4}^9 (2x+17)^{\frac{1}{2}} dx \quad \begin{cases} u(x) = x^2 \\ S(x) = 2x+17 \\ S'(x) = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-4}^9 2(2x+17)^{\frac{1}{2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left/ \left[\frac{2}{3} (2x+17)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right] \right/_{-4}^9$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \left[(2 \cdot 9 + 17)^{\frac{3}{2}} - (2 \cdot (-4) + 17)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right] = \frac{1}{3} (25^{\frac{3}{2}} - 9^{\frac{3}{2}}) = \frac{1}{3} (125 - 27) = 32 \frac{2}{3}$$

b) Jatkuva funktion itseisarvofunktion jatkuva

$$|8-4x| = \begin{cases} 8-4x, & \text{kun } x \leq 2 \\ -(8-4x), & \text{kun } x > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 8-4x &= 0 \\ x &= 2 \end{aligned}$$



$$\int_0^3 |8-4x| dx = \int_0^2 (8-4x) dx + \int_2^3 (-8+4x) dx = \left/ (8x-2x^2) \right/_0^2 + \left/ (-8x+2x^2) \right/_2^3$$

$$= 8 \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 2^2 - 0 + (-8 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 3^2) - (-8 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 2^2) = 10$$

$$(11) \int_2^a (x-3) dx = \left/ \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 3x \right) \right/_2^a = \frac{1}{2}a^2 - 3a - \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2^2 - 3 \cdot 2 \right) = \frac{1}{2}a^2 - 3a + 4$$

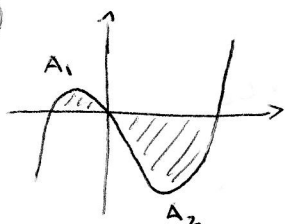
$$\int_2^a (x-3) dx = 7 \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}a^2 - 3a + 4 = 7 \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}a^2 - 3a - 3 \frac{1}{2} = 0 \quad (\text{CAS-laskin})$$

$$a = -1 \quad \text{tai} \quad a = 7$$

12.



Integroimisrajat:

$$\begin{cases} y = x^3 - x^2 - 2x \\ y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x^3 - x^2 - 2x = 0$$

$$x(x^2 - x - 2) = 0$$

$$x = 0 \quad \text{TAI} \quad x^2 - x - 2 = 0 \quad (\text{CAS-laskin})$$

$$x = -1 \quad \text{tai} \quad x = 2$$

$$A_1 = \int_{-1}^0 (x^3 - x^2 - 2x) dx = \left/ \left(\frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{1}{3}x^3 - x^2 \right) \right/_{-1}^0 = 0 - \left(\frac{1}{4}(-1)^4 - \frac{1}{3}(-1)^3 - (-1)^2 \right) = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$A_2 = \int_0^2 -(x^3 - x^2 - 2x) dx = \int_0^2 (-x^3 + x^2 + 2x) dx = \left/ \left(-\frac{1}{4}x^4 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + x^2 \right) \right/_0^2$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \cdot 2^4 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2^3 + 2^2 - 0 = 2 \frac{2}{3}$$

Kaksiosaisen alueen ala:

$$A = A_1 + A_2 = \frac{5}{12} + 2 \frac{2}{3} = 3 \frac{1}{2}$$