FECC Homework 2012

## Annual plan for 16 year old player

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## Introduction

This individual annual plan is derived from the team's annual plan. Main goal of this plan is to make sure that a.) player practices enough, b.) player can develope his fundamentals, game skills, physical and mental abilities overall and $c$.) to prevent injuries and overload.

Individual plan is made for a player born 1996, who will join our team after season 2011 - 2012. Our team plays U19 league, which consists age groups 1994-1996. Player is also a member of our senior team (second level in Finland). In addition, the player studies in sports specified school, which allows the training of four morning per week.

I have first planned the year from the teams point of view. From the plan can be found four parts of the coaching process: 1.) fundamentals 2.) game skills (individual, group, team tactics) 3.) physical skills and abilities and 4.) mental abilities. From team plan I have derived 'check lists' in each category. These check lists can be used as a tool for individual planning.

In every period we emphasise one fundamental and support others. It means, that $50 \%$ of the time used in practicing fundamentals, is used to improve emphasised skill and other $50 \%$ to all the rest. Same logic goes with the game skills and physical training.

The estimated amount of games, intensity of practice weeks and emphasis of the program can be found from team plan.

In the next pages I will explain how I control intensity of practices on a daily and weekly bases and why I planned our program the way I did. All examples taken from the year plan are from pre-season, period 1.

## How to use this plan?

1. Team plan indicates the emphasis of our period. Emphasis can be determinated for fundamentals, game skills, physical and mental abilities. When we open the checklist of each category, we can make make individual or team plan for next period. Also amount of games, intensity of practice week, number of training sessions and goals for each season can be found in team plan.
2. Check list gives more accurate information about content of periods and practice weeks. There you can also note down the topics you have practiced. This system helps me to perceive what we have practiced and what to do next in order to make sure of the logic of the program. Check lists are made always before new period (in every 4 weeks).
3. Next phase is to create a plan for period. It contains four practice weeks. In this plan you can find topics for each days practices and rest days.
4. Week plan is more detailed verion of period plan. Topics of the period are taken in to practice level.
5. Practice plan. Two examples of a practice plan (individual) can be accessed in the second home work.

## Intensity

## Intensity of week

There are three basic levels of intensity in practice weeks:
Level 3

- 5 evening practices (pre-season) or 4 evening practices + game(s) (in season)
- practices with R5 drills (1-2 depending of games)
- practices with R4 drills (2-3 depending of games)
- 3-4 morning practices
- R1 - R3 (R6)
- Active recovery day
- R1 - R2


## Level 2

- 5 evening practices (pre-season) or 4 evening practices + game(s) (in season)
- practices with R5 drills (1)
- practices with R4 drills (2)
- 3-4 morning practices
- R1 - R3 (R6)
- Rest day


## Level 1

- 4 evening practices (pre-season) or 3 evening practices + game(s) (in season)
- practices with R5 drills (1-2 depending of games)
- 3-4 morning practices
- R1 - R3 (R6)
- Active recovery day
- R1-R2
- Rest day


## Intensity of practice

Intensity of practice is controlled with six different resistance levels:
R1=Pure aerobic training
R2=Fundamentals and game skills on aerobic level, no defense or dummy defense
R3=Game skills with anaerobic peaks, usually with defense and only few transitions
R4=Game skills (anaerobic) with defense and transition, work between $20-120$ seconds and rest over 40 seconds R5=game skills with over tempo, work max. 20 seconds
R6 = Speed, agility and quickness. Practice by the principles of speed training.

.-..-.-. below game tempo .-.....
game tempo $\qquad$
....-.- over game tempo ........
Figure 1: Resistance levels

## Fundamentals

In every period we have emphasised one of basketball fundamentals. Other fundamentals can be supported. Goal is that before emphasising, the skill has a period of preparation. Shooting is always either emphasised or supported (prepared). We practice fundamentals in situations that are taken from our game (basic offensive and defensive concept) and we try to create as much read and react-situations as possible. We start with offensive fundamentals (offense first). Fundamentals are trained mostly in morning practices.


Table 1: Example of check list: Pre-season, period 1, Fundamentals

## Game skills

Game skills can be individual, group or team tactics. We always emphasise one of four fields of basketball (transition offense, transition defense, offense, defense). Offense and defense of course come always together, but we try to prior our practices by emphasising. Game skills are always trained the way we play - in game like situations.

We start with offensive concept and focus mainly on half court and read and react-situations. Second thing is half court defense and finally transition offense and defense.

1=improving 2=supporting 3=preparing 4=recovering 5=activating

| Game skills |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Defense | 3 | 3 |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Pressuring the ball, 1-1 outside | X | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deny | x | x |  | x | x | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weak side help |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rotation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Post defense |  |  |  | x | x | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cuts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pick and roll-defense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hand off defense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Off ball screen defense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zone defense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transition offense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Outlet situation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fast break |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Attack the front rim |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Offense | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Penetration game | x | x |  | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inside game |  | X |  | X | X | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pick and roll |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic concept | x | x |  | x | x | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Set games |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sideline, baseline |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Press break |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Zone offense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transition defense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Offensive rebounding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Running back |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pick your own |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Man to man, full court |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 2: Example of check list: Pre-season, period 1, Game skills

## Physical skills and abilities

As we start our program in late may, we test our players. According to those tests, we can decide what are the main goals in ones physical training. The basic philosphy in physical training is that we want to build athletic foundation during the first four weeks of practicing. It means that we focus on aerobic conditioning, mobility, stability and movement skills. After that we try to improve our strenght, speed, power and endurance by emphasising one ability for four weeks at a time. SAQ and reactive (jumps and medicine ball) drills are always part of our warm ups.

We plan always physical training for four periods (16 weeks) at a time.
1 =improving 2=supporting $3=$ preparing $4=$ recovering $5=$ activating

| Physical abilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Speed, agility and quickness | 3 | 3 |  | 3 |  | 3 | 5 |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 2 |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Linear speed | X |  |  |  |  | x | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  | x |
| Change of direction |  | x | x | x |  |  |  |  | x |  |  |  | x |  | x |  |  | X | x |  |  |
| Reaction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | x | x |  |  |  |  | x | x |  | X | X |  |
| Game speed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | x |  | X | X | X |  |  | X | X |
| Strenght | 3 | 3 |  | 3 |  | 3 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| General conditioning, aerobic | X | X |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General conditioning, anaerobic |  | x | X | X |  | x | x |  | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Strenght |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | X |  | x | X | X |  | x | X | X |  | x | X |  |
| Power / Plyometrics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X | X | X | X |
| Endurance | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 |
| Aerobic conditioning | X | X |  | X |  | x |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anaerobic, alactic |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | $x$ | x | $x$ | X | x |  | $x$ | x | x | X | $x$ | x | $x$ |
| Anaerobic, lactic |  |  |  |  |  |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x |  | x | x |  | x | x | x |  |
| Movement skills | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 5 |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Stance | X |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multidirectional steps | X | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |
| Jumping, landing |  | x |  | x |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |
| Change of direction |  |  |  | X |  | X |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |
| Optimal upper body function |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |
| Throwing and catching |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | X |  |  |  |  |  | X |
| Stability | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . | 1 | 4 |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |  | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Stations | X | X | x |  |  |  | x |  | X |  |  |  | X |  | x |  |  | X | X |  |  |
| Chains |  |  |  | x |  | x |  |  |  |  | X | x |  |  |  | x | x |  |  | x | x |
| Mobility | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 5 |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |  | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Stations | X | X | x |  |  |  | x |  | X |  |  |  | X |  | x |  |  | X | X |  |  |
| Chains |  |  |  | X |  | X |  |  |  |  | X | X |  |  |  | X | X |  |  | X | X |
| Mental skills |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 3: Example of check list: Pre-season, Physical skills and abilities

## Mental skills and abilities

We set goals also for improving mental skills such as motivation, hard work, commitment, communication, goal setting and pressure tolerance. These are subjects where we try to focus all the time. We use individual meetings as a tool to help our players to set individual goals as a basketball player and to motivate them. Hard work and commitment to our program are daily demanded and values that we honor.

We also want to find out what kind of learning styles our players have (auditive, visual, kinesthetic). Of course in sports we learn by doing, but by using different ways of theaching we can help our players to learn faster.

## Examples



Table 4: Example of week plan, Pre-season, period 1, week 22


Table 5: Example of week plan, In-season, period 8, week 51

| Week / Intensity | Practice | mon | tue | wed | thu | fri | sat | sun |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 / 2 | Fundamentals | Dribble, basic stance and movement |  | Passing and catching, shooting technique |  | Dribble, shooting off the dribble | Passing and catching, catch and shoot | recovery |
|  | Game Skills | Basic concept, penetration game |  | Basic concept, penetration game |  | Basic concept, penetration game |  |  |
|  | Activation, cool down | Stance, linear speed | Steps, linear speed | Stance, linear speed | Steps, linear speed | Stance, linear speed |  |  |
|  | Physical | Tests, mobility | Aerobic conditioning, general conditioning (strenght), stability, mobility |  | Aerobic conditioning, general conditioning (strenght), stability | General conditioning (strenght) | Aerobic conditioning, stability, mobility |  |
| 23 / 2 | Fundamentals | Dribble, basic stance and movement |  | Passing and catching, shooting technique |  | Dribble, shooting off the dribble | Passing and catching, catch and shoot | recovery |
|  | Game Skills | Basic concept, inside game |  | Basic concept, penetration game |  | Basic concept, inside game |  |  |
|  | Activation, cool down | Jumping and landing, COD | Steps, COD | Jumping and landing, COD | Steps, COD | Jumping and landing, COD |  |  |
|  | Physical | General conditioning (strenght) | Aerobic conditioning, general conditioning (strenght), stability, mobility |  | Aerobic conditioning, general conditioning (strenght), stability | General conditioning (strenght) | Aerobic conditioning, stability, mobility |  |
| 24 / 3 | Fundamentals | Fakes, basic stance and movement, shooting technique |  | Passing and catching, free throws, getting open |  | Fakes, shooting off the dribble | Passing and catching, catch and shoot, getting open | active recovery, stability, aerobic conditioning, mobility |
|  | Game Skills | Basic concept, penetration game |  | Basic concept, inside game |  | Basic concept, penetration game | $\begin{array}{lr} \text { Basic } \begin{array}{r} \text { con- } \\ \text { cept, } \\ \text { inside } \\ \text { game } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
|  | Activation, cool down | COD | Jumping and landing, COD | COD | Jumping and landing, COD | COD |  |  |
|  | Physical |  | Aerobic conditioning, general conditioning (strenght), stability, mobility |  | Aerobic conditioning, general conditioning (strenght), stability | General conditioning (strenght) | Aerobic conditioning, stability, mobility |  |
| $25 / 1$ | Fundamentals | Fakes, basic stance and movement, shooting technique |  | Passing and catching, free throws, getting open | active recovery | Fakes, shooting off the dribble | Passing and catching, catch and shoot, getting open | recovery |
|  | Game Skills | Basic concept, inside game |  | Basic concept, inside game |  | Basic concept, inside game |  |  |
|  | Activation, cool down | COD | Optimal upper body function, linear speed | Throwing and catching, linear speed |  | COD |  |  |
|  | Physical |  | Aerobic conditioning, general conditioning (strenght), stability, mobility |  |  | General conditioning (strenght) | Aerobic conditioning, stability, mobility |  |

Table 6: Example of period plan, period 1

## Conclusion

In my opinion, the most important thing in planning 16 year old player practicing in annual level is to make sure that ones overall development is possible. It means that more than programming the plan according to competitions, it is important to program according to develpoment of a player. It means individual emphasises, practicing all physical abilities througout the year, emphasise fundamentals and individual tactics as well as group and team tactics. And above all to remember that the game of basketball is all about confidence and self esteem.

Biggest challenges in planning a year:

1. How to make sure that develpment actually happens? Do we practice enough each skill or ability? Often the hurry of getting forward beats the patience in practicing.
2. How do we control the intensity of a practice, week or a period? The load of one can be wrong to another one.
3. Games. They are often played at weekends, which means that we have two games in a row. Are we wise enough to tell player that now it's not your turn to play on both days?
4. Results of the games. Can we keep our minds away of pure results? Are we capable of moving by the plan also on a moment of defeat? Of course there has to be adjustments along the way, but changing everything all the time is not long-term function.
5. Co-operation. With assistant coaches, school coaches etc. Do we talk enough about what is best for the player. Do we plan our program together? Who has the responsibility of the players whole situation?
